### **Results Highlights**

◆ In the year ended March 31, 2017, the second year of Medium-term Management Plan 2017 Challenge for Growth, the global economy maintained a stable growth trend supported in part by consistent growth in the U.S. economy, which was driven by increased consumption, as well as the tapering of economic slowdown in certain emerging countries. At the same time, economic conditions in resource producing countries recovered due to the fact that the prices of resources, specifically crude oil and coal, were higher than they were at the beginning of the fiscal year. However, an opaque outlook arose from factors including the potential impacts of economic slowdown in China as well as the uncertainty of the economic repercussions of government policy changes to be implemented by the new presidential cabinet in the United

The Company's net sales (JGAAP) for year ended March 31, 2017, decreased due to the impacts of yen appreciation as well as lower sales in the Foods & Agriculture Business Division, a result of the decline in grain transactions, and in the Infrastructure & Environment Business Division, a result of the decline in plant-related transactions. Gross profit was up thanks to higher income in the Metals & Coal Division resulted from a rise in selling prices in overseas coal businesses as well as income growth in the Aerospace & IT Business Division stemming from an increase in aircraft-related transactions. As a result, the Company was able to post an increase in profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) despite the decrease in share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method.

(Figures in parentheses are year-on-year changes)

Net sales (JGAAP) 3,745.5 billion yen ( (261.1) billion yen / (6.5)% )

- Decrease in net sales in the Foods & Agriculture Business Division due to lower grain transactions
- Decrease in net sales in the Infrastructure & Environment Business Division due to a decline in plant-related transactions

Gross profit 200.7 billion yen ( +20.0 billion yen / +11.0% )

- Increase in gross profit in the Metals & Coal Division resulted from a rise in selling prices in overseas coal businesses
- Increase in gross profit in the Aerospace & IT Business Division stemming from an increase in aircraft-related transactions

51.6 billion yen (+22.4 billion yen / +76.5%)Operating profit

Increase in gross profit

Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company)

40.8 billion yen ( +4.3 billion yen / +11.6% )

110

5.00 yen per share (forecast)

Increase in operating profit

• Decrease in share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method

◆ Cash dividend per share for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017 Year-end

4.00 yen per share Full year 8.00 yen per share

◆ Earnings forecast for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018

Net sales (JGAAP) 4,100.0 billion yen

55.0 billion yen Operating profit

Profit before tax 69.0 billion yen

50.0 billion yen Profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company)

(Assumptions) Exchange rate (annual average: JPY/US\$)

Crude oil price (annual avarage: US\$/BBL) 50 (Brent)

◆ Cash dividend per share for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2018

5.00 yen per share (forecast) Year-end

\*1 Net sales (JGAAP) is a measure generally used by Japanese general trading

companies and represents the aggregate value of the transactions for which the

Group acts as a principal or agent. It is not to be construed as equivalent to, or a

substitute for, revenues under IFRS. \*2 Core earnings = Gross profit + Selling, general and administrative expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments

accounted for using the equity method \* Caution regarding forward-looking statements

This document contains forward-looking statements based on information available to the Company at the time of disclosure and certain assumptions that management believes to be reasonable. Sojitz makes no assurances as to the actual results and/or other outcomes, which may differ substantially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in economic conditions in key markets, both in and outside of Japan, and exchange rate movements. The Company will provide timely disclosure of any material changes, events, or other relevant issues.

#### **Consolidated Statements of Profit or Loss**

							(Billio	ons of Yen)
	FY2016	FY2015				FY2016	Percentage	FY2017
	Results	Results	Difference	Reasons for the difference		Forecast	Achieved	Forecast
	a	b	a-b			С	a/c	
				Net sales (JGAAP): change in segment				
				Foods & Agriculture Bussiness	(63.1)			
Net sales (JGAAP)*1	3,745.5	4,006.6	(261.1)	Infrastructure & Environment Business	(58.8)	3,930.0	95%	4,100.0
				Aerospace & IT Business	(53.2)			
				Lifestyle Commodities & Materials Bussiness	+88.0			
				Gross profit: change in segment				
Gross profit	200.7	180.7	20.0	Metals & Coal	+10.4	200.0	100%	222.0
Gross profit margin	5.36%	4.51%	(0.85)%	•	+4.8	(5.09%)		(5.41%)
				Foods & Agriculture Bussiness	+3.9			
				Retail Bussiness	+3.5			
Selling, general and administr								
Personnel expenses	(85.0)	, ,	` ′					
Non-personnel expenses	(62.1)	(64.0)						
Depreciation	(5.8)	(6.0)						
Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts	(0.1)	(0.2)						
(Total selling, general and administrative expenses)	(153.0)	(154.4)	<u>1.4</u>			(152.0)		(166.0)
Other income/expenses	4.0							
Gain/loss on sale and disposal of fixed assets, net	4.8	1.5	3.3					
Impairment loss on fixed assets	(4.6)	(24.1)		Conversion of IT business subsidiary into	affiliate			
Gain on sale of subsidiaries/associates	10.4	12.9	(2.5)	through partial sale				
Loss on reorganization of subsidiaries/associates	(8.2)			Impaiment losses on grain collection busin	nesses			
Other operating income/expenses	1.5	13.9	(12.4)			(2.0)		(4.0)
(Total other income/expenses)	<u>3.9</u>	<u>2.9</u>	1.0			(3.0)	4.4.50/	(1.0)
Operating profit	51.6	29.2	22.4			45.0	115%	55.0
Financial income/costs	2.2							
Interest earned	3.9	3.9	0.0					
Interest expenses	(14.4)	, ,	1.9					
(Interest expenses, net)	(10.5)	(12.4)						
Dividends received	4.2	4.3	(0.1)					
Other financial income/costs	0.0	0.0	0.0			(7.0)		(7.0)
(Financial income/costs, net)  Share of profit (loss) of investments	(6.3)	(8.1)	1.8	Lower profits from grain collection and automobile-rel	ated	(7.0)		(7.0)
accounted for using the equity method	12.7	23.2	(10.5)	businesses		15.0		21.0
Profit before tax	58.0	44.3	13.7			53.0	109%	69.0
Income tax expenses	(13.9)	(7.8)	(6.1)			(10.0)		(15.0)
Profit for the year	44.1	36.5	7.6			43.0	103%	54.0
(Profit attributable to)								
Owners of the Company	40.8	36.5	4.3			40.0	102%	50.0
Non-controlling interests	3.3	0.0	3.3			3.0		4.0
Revenue	1,555.3	1,658.1	(102.8)					
Core earnings*2	54.2	41.6	12.6			56.0		70.0

#### **Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

Consolidated 5	taten	ients	OI FII	ianciai Position
		•	,	(Billions of
	•	Mar. 31,		
	2017	2016	Difference	Reasons for the difference
	d	е	d-e	
Current assets	<u>1,229.8</u>		<u>83.4</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents	308.6		(35.8)	
Time deposits	5.7		(1.0)	Increase in tobacco- and chemicals-
Trade and other receivables	563.5	496.2	67.3	related businesses
Inventories	271.3	237.1	34.2	Increase in tobacco-related business
Other current assets	80.7	62.0	18.7	
Non-current assets	908.7	<u>910.3</u>	(1.6)	
Property, plant and equipment	172.2	187.0	(14.8)	
Goodwill	57.6	53.1	4.5	
Intangible assets	34.1	38.8	(4.7)	
Investment property	21.1	18.4	2.7	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	559.6	551.2	8.4	
Other non-current assets	64.1	61.8	2.3	
Total assets	2,138.5	2,056.7	81.8	
Current liabilities	<u>717.8</u>	<u>673.8</u>	44.0	Increase in tobacco- and chemicals-
Trade and other payables	483.1	439.3	43.8	related businesses
Bonds and borrowings	158.7	168.3	(9.6)	
Other current liabilities	76.0	66.2	9.8	
Non-current liabilities	842.7	<u>833.2</u>	<u>9.5</u>	
Bonds and borrowings	766.7	754.4	12.3	
Retirement benefits liabilities	21.4	18.7	2.7	
Other non-current liabilities	54.6	60.1	(5.5)	
Total liabilities	1,560.5	1,507.0	53.5	
Share capital	160.3	160.3	-	
Capital surplus	146.5	146.5	0.0	
Treasury stock	(0.2)	(0.2)	0.0	
Other components of equity	132.7	132.4	0.3	
Retained earnings	111.2	81.3	29.9	Profit for the year +40.8, dividends (10.0)
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	<u>550.5</u>	<u>520.3</u>	<u>30.2</u>	
Non-controlling interests	27.5	29.4	(1.9)	
Total equity	578.0	549.7	28.3	
Total liabilities and equity	2,138.5	2,056.7	81.8	
Gross interest-bearing debt	925.4	922.7	+2.7	* "Total equity attributable to owners
Net interest-bearing debt	611.1	571.6	+39.5	of the Company" is recognized
Net debt/equity ratio (times)*	1.11	1.10	+0.01	as "Total equity", and is also used
Equity ratio*	25.7%	25.3%	+0.4%	as the denominator of the "Net
	1		1	

171.3%

82.9%

170.1%

81.8%

+1.2%

+1.1%

#### **Comprehensive Income**

		(Billi	ons of Yen)
	FY2016	FY2015	
	Results	Results	Difference
	a	b	a-b
Profit for the year	44.1	36.5	7.6
Other comprehensive income	0.1	(64.9)	65.0
Total comprehensive income for the year	44.2	(28.4)	72.6
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Owners of the Company	40.3	(25.4)	65.7
Non-controlling interests	3.9	(3.0)	6.9

### **Cash Flows**

	_			(Billions of Yen)
	FY2016 Results	FY2015 Results	Difference	Factors affecting circled figures
	a	b	a-b	
Cash flows from operating activities	0.9	99.9	(99.0)	Higher outflows following increases in trade and other receivables and
				inventories
Cash flows from investing activities	(32.2)	(33.9)	1 1./	Outflows for capital expenditures in domestic solar power generation businesses
Free cash flows	(31.3)	<u>66.0</u>	<u>(97.3)</u>	Dudin Cooco
Cash flows from financing activities	(4.0)	(114.7)	110.7	Outflows for repayment of borrowings

Current ratio

Long-term debt ratio

debt/equity ratio" and the numerator

of "Equity ratio."

May 1, 2017 Sojitz Corporation

(Billions of Yen)

(Billions of Yen)

Segment Performance [Gross Profit]

## Segment Performance [Profit for the Year (Attributable to Owners of the Company)]

Operating Results							
	FY2016	FY2015	Difference	FY2016 Forecast (Nov. 2, 2016)	Percentage achieved		
Net sales (JGAAP)*1	3,745.5	4,006.6	(261.1)	3,930.0	95%		
Gross profit	200.7	180.7	+20.0	200.0	100%		
Gross profit margin	(5.36%)	(4.51%)	(+0.85%)	(5.09%)			
Selling, general and administrative expenses Other income/expenses	(153.0) 3.9	(154.4) 2.9	+1.4 +1.0	(152.0) (3.0)			
Operating profit	51.6	29.2	+22.4	45.0	115%		
Financial income/costs  Share of profit (loss)  of investments accounted	(6.3) 12.7	(8.1) 23.2	+1.8 (10.5)	(7.0) 15.0			
for using the equity method  Profit before tax	58.0	44.3	+13.7	53.0	109%		
Profit for the year	44.1	36.5	+7.6	43.0	103%		
(Profit attributable to)							
Owners of the Company	40.8	36.5	+4.3	40.0	102%		
Non-controlling interests	3.3	0.0	+3.3	3.0			
Core earnings*2	54.2	41.6	+12.6	56.0			
Revenue	1,555.3	1,658.1	(102.8)				
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the Company	40.3	(25.4)	+65.7				

*1	Net sales (JGAAP) is a measure generally used by Japanese general trading companies and represents the
	aggregate value of the transactions for which the Group acts as a principal or agent. It is not to be construed as
	equivalent to, or a substitute for, revenues under IFRS.

<sup>\*2</sup> Core earnings = Gross profit + Selling, general and administrative expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method

		FY2016	FY2015	Difference	FY2016	FY2015	Difference	FY2016 Forecast (Nov. 2, '16)	Main Factors Behind Year on Year Change	Main Factors Behind Differences between Results and Forecast for FY2016		
	Auto- motive	24.8	25.1	(0.3)	3.6	5.9	(2.3)	4.0	Decreased due to absence of one-time profit recorded in previous fiscal year	Performance generally in line with forecasts		
4	Aerospace & IT Business	31.1	26.3	+4.8	9.9	3.1	+6.8		Increased due to aerospace-related earnings contributions and conversion of IT business subsidiary into affiliate through partial sale	Performance exceeded full-year forecasts following conversion of IT business subsidiary into affiliate through partial sale		
	Infra- structure & Environment Business	18.0	17.7	+0.3	4.5	2.2	+2.3	5.5	Increased due to higher income in domestic solar power generation businesses as well as absence of impairment losses recorded in previous fiscal year	Performance fell below full-year forecasts due to delay in concluding contracts for infrastructure-related projects		
	Energy	1.9	2.4	(0.5)	(0.6)	(6.9)	+6.3	<i>, ,</i> , , , ,	Loss decreased due to absence of impairment losses recorded in previous fiscal year in relation to oil and gas interests, higher oil price as well as gains on sales of oil and gas interests	Loss decreased to greater extent than forecast due to gains on sales of oil and gas interests and recovery of oil price		
	Metals & Coal	19.5	9.1	+10.4	10.0	4.7	+5.3	6.0	Increased due to higher coal price	Performance exceeded full-year forecasts due to increases in prices of coal and other resources		
	Chemicals	37.4	40.7	(3.3)	8.0	9.0	(1.0)	8.5	Decreased due to impacts of deterioration of product market conditions mainly in the first half of the fiscal year	Performance generally in line with forecasts		
4	Foods & Agriculture Business	22.0	18.1	+3.9	(6.9)	5.0	(11.9)	5.0	Despite improved earnings in overseas fertilizer businesses resulted from lower raw material prices, decreased due to poor performance and impairment losses in grain collection businesses	Despite progress in overseas fertilizer businesses that was more than expected, performance fell below full-year forecasts due to impairment losses in grain collection businesses		
	Lifestyle commodities & Materials	20.6	18.9	+1.7	4.6	3.1	+1.5	4.5	Increased due to strong commodity-related performance as well as absence of impairment losses recorded in overseas woodchip manufacturing businesses during previous fiscal year	Performance in line with forecasts		
	Retail	22.0	18.5	+3.5	4.1	3.4	+0.7	4.0	Increased due to gain on sales of commercial facilities in Japan	Performance in line with forecasts		
	Other	3.4	3.9	(0.5)	3.6	7.0	(3.4)	0.0	Decreased due to absence of one-time profit recorded in previous fiscal year			

FY2016 Results

(Jan.-Mar. Avg.)

US\$54.6/bbl

US\$81.5/t

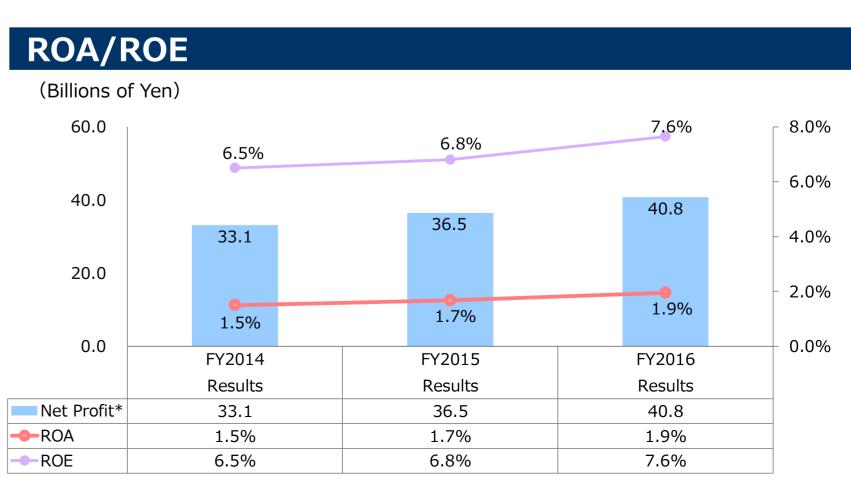
¥112.9/US\$

(Bill	ions	of	Yen

Financial Position							
	Mar. 31, 2017	Mar. 31, 2016	Difference				
Total assets	2,138.5	2,056.7	+ 81.8				
Total equity*3	550.5	520.3	+ 30.2				
Equity ratio	25.7%	25.3%	+ 0.4%				
Net interest-bearing debt	611.1	571.6	(39.5)				
Net D/E ratio (times)	1.11	1.10	+ 0.01				
Risk assets Ratio of risk assets to	320.0	330.0	(10.0)				
equity (times)	0.6	0.6	0.0				

	FY2015 Results (Annual Avg.)	FY2016 Initial Assumption (Annual Avg.)	FY2016 Results (Annual Avg.)
Crude oil (Brent)	US\$48.7/bbl	US\$40.0/bbl	US\$49.9/bbl
Thermal coal	US\$60.4/t	US\$52.0/t	US\$73.6/t
Exchange rate	¥120.2/US\$	¥110.0/US\$	¥108.7/US\$

**Commodity Prices and Exchange Rates** 



<sup>\*</sup>Attributable to owners of the Company

<sup>\*3 &</sup>quot;Total equity attributable to owners of the Company" is recognized as "Total equity" above, and is also used in the denominator of the "Net D/E ratio" and the numerator of the "Equity ratio."

(Billions of Yen)

			(Billions of Yen)
<b>Operating Results</b>			
	FY2016	FY2017 Forecast	Difference
Net sales (JGAAP)*1	3,745.5	4,100.0	+354.5
Gross profit	200.7	222.0	+21.3
Gross profit margin	(5.36%)	(5.41%)	(+0.05%)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	(153.0)	(166.0)	(13.0)
Other income/expenses	3.9	(1.0)	(4.9)
Operating profit	51.6	55.0	+3.4
Financial income/costs	(6.3)	(7.0)	(0.7)
Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method	12.7	21.0	+8.3
Profit before tax	58.0	69.0	+11.0
Profit for the year (Profit attributable to)	44.1	54.0	+9.9
Owners of the Company	40.8	50.0	+9.2
Non-controlling interests	3.3	4.0	+0.7
Core earnings*2	54.2	70.0	+15.8

- \*1 Net sales (JGAAP) is a measure generally used by Japanese general trading companies and represents the aggregate value of the transactions for which the Group acts as a principal or agent. It is not to be construed as equivalent to, or a substitute for, revenues under IFRS.
- \*2 Core earnings = Gross profit + Selling, general and administrative expenses (before provision of allowance for doubtful accounts and write-offs) + Net interest expenses + Dividends received + Share of profit (loss) of investments accounted for using the equity method

## Segment Performance [Profit for the Year]

5.0 3.7 2.8 7.0	(6.9) 7.4 1.3 3.6	5.0 5.0 2.0 2.0
3.7	7.4	5.0
5.0	(6.9)	5.0
9.0	8.0	8.0
4.7	10.0	13.0
(6.9)	(0.6)	1.0
2.2	4.5	5.0
3.1	9.9	5.0
5.9	3.6	4.0
FY2015	FY2016	FY2017 Forecast
	5.9 3.1 2.2 (6.9) 4.7	5.9     3.6       3.1     9.9       2.2     4.5       (6.9)     (0.6)       4.7     10.0

- \*1 Profit for the year attributable to owners of the Company
- \*2 FY2015 and FY2016 figures for the Retail & Lifestyle Business and the Industrial Infrastructure & Urban Development Division were calculated by using figures for the former organizations and adjusting them based on the organizational reforms. As a result, these figures may differ from those disclosed in the future.

(Billions of Yen)

<b>Financial Position</b>			
	Mar. 31, 2017	Mar. 31, 2018 Forecast	Difference
Total assets	2,138.5	2,260.0	+121.5
Total equity*3	550.5	580.0	+29.5
Equity ratio	25.7%	25.7%	+0.0%
Net interest-bearing debt	611.1	650.0	+38.90
Net D/E ratio (times)	1.11	1.12	+0.01
Risk assets	320.0	_	_
Ratio of risk assets to equity (times)	0.6	_	_

- \*3 "Total equity attributable to owners of the Company" is recognized as "Total equity" above, and is also used in the denominator of the "Net D/E ratio" and the numerator of the "Equity ratio."
- \*Caution regarding forward-looking statements
  - This document contains forward-looking statements based on information available to the Company at the time of disclosure and certain assumptions that management believes to be reasonable. Sojitz makes no assurances as to the actual results and/or other outcomes, which may differ substantially from those expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements due to various factors including changes in economic conditions in key markets, both in and outside of Japan, and exchange rate movements. The Company will provide timely disclosure of any material changes, events, or other relevant issues.

# **Commodity Prices and Exchange Rates**

	FY2017 Assumption (Annual Avg.)	Latest Data (As of Apr. 27, 2017)
Crude oil (Brent)*1	U\$50.0/bbl	US\$51.4/bbl
Thermal coal*2	U\$77.5/MT	US\$79.9/t
Exchange rate*3	¥110.0/US\$	¥111.4/US\$

- \*1 Impact of fluctuations in the crude oil price on earnings: A US\$1/bbl change alters profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) by ¥20 million annually.
- \*2 Thermal coal prices are "globalCOAL NEWC Index".
- \*3 Impact of fluctuations in the exchange rate on earnings: ¥ 1/US\$ change alters gross profit by approx. ¥ 0.3 billion annually, profit for the year (attributable to owners of the Company) by approx. ¥ 0.1 billion annually, and total equity by approx. ¥ 1.5 billion annually.

<b>FY2017</b> Cur	rent Position and Outlook
Automotive	Firm performance anticipated due to improved earnings in existing businesses and expansion of dealership businesses
Aerospace & IT Business	Firm performance expected in aerospace- and IT-related operations
Infrastructure & Environment Business	Increased earnings anticipated to be achieved by domestic solar power generation businesses and other renewable energy businesses as well as by infrastructure projects
Energy	Business earnings set to improve following withdrawal from unprofitable businesses and recovery of oil price
Metals & Coal	Year on year income increase expected to result from steel market recovery and continuation of current market conditions
Chemicals	Earnings contributions expected from European chemical product trading company acquired in previous fiscal year alongside increases in plastic resin-related transactions
Foods & Aguriculture Business	Solid performance anticipated in overseas fertilizer businesses
Retail & Lifestyle Business	Firm textile business- and commodity-related performance expected
Industrial Infrastructure & Urban Development	Earnings to be recorded in relation to overseas industrial parks and real estate held for sale in Japan
Other	Performance to be relatively unchanged year on year

## **Organizational Reforms**

