

Investor Meeting on Financial Results for 1HFY2013

November 19, 2013

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Definitions of terms in this document	į
Consolidated : Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Holdings (Consolidated)	
Non-consolidated : Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank (Non-consolidated)	
CMTB :Former Chuo Mitsui Trust and Banking, CMAB :Former Chuo Mitsui Asset Trust and Banking, STB :Former Sumitomo Trust and Banking	
Figures before FY2010 in consolidated: Former Chuo Mitsui Trust Holdings (Consolidated) + STB (Consolidated)	
Figures before FY2011 in Non-consolidated : CMTB (Non-consolidated) + CMAB (Non-consolidated) + STB (Non-consolidated)	
Accounting for Business combination related to Management Integration	i
Purchase accounting method : Accounting method for business combination related to management integration	1
Results of applying purchase accounting method : Amount of effect from purchase accounting method	1
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Overviews

Consolidated financial results		Results [comparison with1HFY2013 forecast]
Net business profit before credit cost exceeded the forecast due primarily to the recovery in fee income in strategic business areas	Net business profit before credit costs	¥139.4bn [+¥14.4bn]
Total credit costs resulted in the reversal, and net income made steady progress	Net income	¥69.2bn [+¥9.2bn]
Strategic business areas		Results of 1HFY2013
Total sales volume made steady progress due to the favorable result of discretionary investments sales despite the market correction phase in addition to the recovery in insurance sales	Investment trust and insurance sales	¥981.9bn [+62% from 1HFY2012]
Asset under management showed steady increases due primarily to the increase in fair value	AUM (group companies total)	¥67.2tn [+¥3.8tn from Mar. 2013]
Revenue from real estate business substantially increased due to the successful measures to enhance the capability to capture buy/sell information along with the market recovery	Revenue from real estate business (Non-consolidated)	¥12.9bn [+62% from 1HFY2012]
Net fees and commissions ratio showed further improvement by capturing the favorable condition	Net fees and commissions ratio (Consolidated)	52.7% [+9.4% from 1HFY2012]
Financial strength		
Reduction of shareholdings made steady progress	Reduction of shareholdings (Consolidated)	¥35.0bn
Common Equity Tier 1 ratio significantly improved through the accumulation of retained earnings and the disposal of treasury stocks, etc.	Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	8.24% [+1.76% from Mar. 2013] Pro forma (Fully-loaded basis)
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Financial results and financial condition of 1HFY2013



Financial results 1HFY2013 : Consolidated

- Net business profit before credit costs: DOWN ¥8.2bn to ¥139.4bn YoY The decrease in market-related profit (non-consolidated) exceeded the contribution of group companies mainly in fee businesses.
- ▶ Net income: UP ¥8.4bn to ¥69.2bn YoY owing mostly to improved net gains on stocks.

(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	<pre>< Net business profit before credit costs(*) > (1) Non-consolidated: ¥104.5bn</pre>				
Net business profit before credit costs	147.7	139.4	(8.2)	(2) Group companies: ¥31.5bn				
(Contribution of group companies before consolidated adjustments)	24.2	31.5	7.2	(3) Effect of purchase accounting method: ¥(0.7)bn				
Gross business profit	323.0	325.5	2.5	(*) Adjustments of elimination of dividends from subsidiaries, etc. were added to the sum of (1), (2) and (3)				
Net interest income and related profit	117.9	112.7	(5.2)					
Net fees and commissions and related profit	140.1	171.7	31.6	< Major factors (change from 1HFY2012) >				
Net other operating profit	60.5	29.2	(31.2)	(1) Net business profit before credit costs: ¥(8.2)bn				
General and administrative expenses	(184.5)	(196.7)	(12.2)	Non-consolidated: $¥(9.2)bn$ [$¥113.8bn \rightarrow ¥104.5bn$]				
Net non-recurring profit, etc.	(33.6)	(4.1)	29.4	Group companies: $+$ ¥7.2bn [¥24.2bn \rightarrow ¥31.5bn]				
Ordinary profit	104.8	124.5	19.7	Effect of purchase accounting method: \pm (5.3)bn [\pm 4.6bn \rightarrow \pm (0.7)bn]				
Extraordinary profit	(7.0)	(1.1)	5.9	(2) <u>Contribution of group companies</u>				
Income before income taxes	97.7	123.4	25.7	before consolidated adjustments: +¥7.2bn				
Total income taxes	(26.9)	(44.5)	(17.5)	Nikko Asset Management: +¥2.3bn				
Net income	60.7	69.2	8.4	 Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty: +¥2.2bn 				
Total credit costs	4.3	6.5	2.1	•SBI Sumishin Net Bank: +¥1.5bn, etc.				
Net gains on stocks	(33.5)	(11.3)	22.1	Changes from 1HFY2012 excluding effects of purchase				
(Difference from non-consolidated)	10.2	(3.3)	(13.5)	accounting method >				
Return on shareholders' equity	6.74%	7.98%	1.24%	 (1) Net business profit before credit costs: ¥(2.9)bn [¥143.1bn → ¥140.1bn] 				
Dividend on common share (Interim dividend) (Yen)	4.25	5.00	0.75	(2) Ordinary profit: +¥35.6bn [¥85.1bn → ¥120.7bn]				
Net assets per common shares (BPS) (Yen)	409.76	501.33	91.57	(3) Net income: +¥15.5bn [¥51.1bn → ¥66.7bn]				

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Financial results 1HFY2013 : Non-consolidated

 Net business profit before credit costs: DOWN ¥9.2bn to ¥104.5bn YoY Net fees and commissions increased by 31%. Market-related profit decreased mostly in net gains on bonds.
 Net income: UP ¥14.7bn to ¥56.2bn YoY

Net gains on stocks improved and the costs related to the Management Integration decreased.

(Billions of Yen)	1HF Y2012	1HFY2013	Change	
Net business profit before credit costs	113.8	104.5	(9.2)	
Gross business profit	233.9	229.3	(4.5)	
Net interest income and related profit	109.0	104.8	(4.2)	
Net fees and commissions and related profit	78.2	95.9	17.7	
Net fees and commissions	38.9	51.1	12.2	
Net trading profit	4.4	11.8	7.3	
Net other operating profit	42.2	16.7	(25.4)	
Net gains on bonds	38.6	9.8	(28.7)	
General and administrative expenses	(120.0)	(124.7)	(4.7)	
Total credit costs	3.0	4.0	0.9	
Other non-recurring profit	(54.5)	(18.3)	36.2	
Net gains on stocks	(43.7)	(8.0)	35.7	
Losses on devaluation of stocks	(50.2)	(1.2)	48.9	
Amortization of net actuarial losses	(10.7)	(9.1)	1.6	
Ordinary profit	62.3	90.2	27.8	
Extraordinary profit	(8.5)	(1.2)	7.3	
Income before income taxes	53.8	89.0	35.2	
Total income taxes	(12.3)	(32.8)	(20.4)	
Net income	41.4	56.2	14.7	

< Major factors (change from 1HFY2012) > (1) Net interest income and related profit: ¥(4.2)bn Net interest income ¥(4.3)bn [¥105.2bn → ¥100.9bn] Loan-deposit margin +¥2.4bn [¥78.2bn → ¥80.6bn] Income from securities +¥1.6bn [¥48.9bn → ¥50.5bn] Income/expense in swaps ¥(9.4)bn $[\pm 1.2bn \rightarrow \pm (8.2)bn]$ (2) Net fees and commissions and related profit: +¥17.7bn Investment trust / Insurance related profit +¥6.9bn [¥21.0bn \rightarrow ¥28.0bn]•Real estate brokerage fees +¥5.8bn [¥4.0bn → ¥9.8bn] (3) Net gains on bonds: ¥(28.7)bn • Domestic bonds $\pm (7.5)$ bn ± 6.8 bn $\rightarrow \pm (0.7)$ bn Foreign bonds ¥(21.1)bn [¥31.8bn → ¥10.6bn] (4) Costs related to the Management Integration: + \pm 3.4bn [\pm (6.0)bn \rightarrow \pm (2.6)bn] Posted as other non-recurring item from FY2013 instead of extraordinary item

Change

Contribution of major group companies / Effects of purchase accounting method

- ► Contribution to net business profit before credit costs: UP 30% to ¥31.5bn YoY
- ► Contribution to net income: UP 21% to ¥21.2bn YoY
- Contribution increased by Nikko Assets Management, Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty and SBI Sumishin Net Bank Ltd, etc.

	Net business	profit before cr	edit costs	Ν	let income		Goodwill as	of Sep. 2013
(Billions of Yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	Amortization amount	Outstanding balance
Consolidation difference	33.8	34.8	1.0	19.2	13.0	(6.2)	(4.9)	109.1
Effect of purchase accounting method	4.6	(0.7)	(5.3)	9.5	2.4	(7.1)		
Contribution (before consolidated adjustments) (*1)	24.2	31.5	7.2	17.5	21.2	3.7	(4.9)	109.1
Nikko Asset Management (Consolidated)	3.3	5.6	2.3	1.6	2.7	1.0	(*2) (2.5)	(*2) 58.4
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty	(0.4)	1.7	2.2	0.1	1.0	0.9		
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Panasonic Finance (Consolidated)	5.6	5.2	(0.3)	4.0	4.4	0.3	(0.1)	0.3
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Loan & Finance	3.6	4.0	0.3	3.9	4.3	0.4	(1.9)	44.1
SBI Sumishin Net Bank (Consolidated)	1.4	3.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	0.8		
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Guarantee (Consolidated)	4.8	5.5	0.6	3.8	3.1	(0.6)		

(*1)Contribution of group companies (before consolidated adjustments) is a substantive amount which excludes consolidation adjustments that do not relate directly to the group companies' business results. (Non-consolidated profit / loss of the holding company, elimination of dividend, amortization of goodwill, etc.)
 (*2)Including the amortization amount (0.4 billion yen) and outstanding balance (2.9 billion yen) of affiliated companies

		2012	2013	U	4
< Effects on purchase accounting method>	Amortization / Accumulation of loans and bills discounted, bonds and deposits, etc.	0.3	(0.4)	(0.7)	
 Effects on consolidated financial results for 1HFY2013 decreased significantly to (0,7) billion yen at the level of 	Effects of sales of bonds, etc.	4.2	(0.2)	(4.5)	(*3)
decreased significantly to (0.7) billion yen at the level of "Net business profit before credit costs" and 2.4 billion yen	Effect on net business profit before credit costs	4.6	(0.7)	(5.3)	
 at the level of "Net income" Cost burden of amortization of net actuarial losses is reduced due to the posting of losses at the time of management integration 	Cancellation of amortization of net actuarial losses	5.2	6.3	1.0	
	Effects of sales / cancellation of devaluation of stocks, etc.	9.8	(1.7)	(11.6)	(*3)
	Effect on ordinary profit	19.7	3.8	(15.8)	
	Effect on extraordinary profit	(0.0)	0.0	0.0	(*3)
Note: By applying purchase accounting method, differences between	Effect on income before income taxes	19.7	3.9	(15.8)	
consolidated and non-consolidated costs of revaluated (mark to market)	Tax effects on the above items	(10.1)	(1.4)	8.7	
assets / liabilities were realized as profit / loss resulting from amortization /	Effect on net income	9.5	2.4	(7.1)	
accumulation of such assets / liabilities and sales of securities etc.	(*3) One-time effect SUMITOMO M		IST HOLD	NGS	

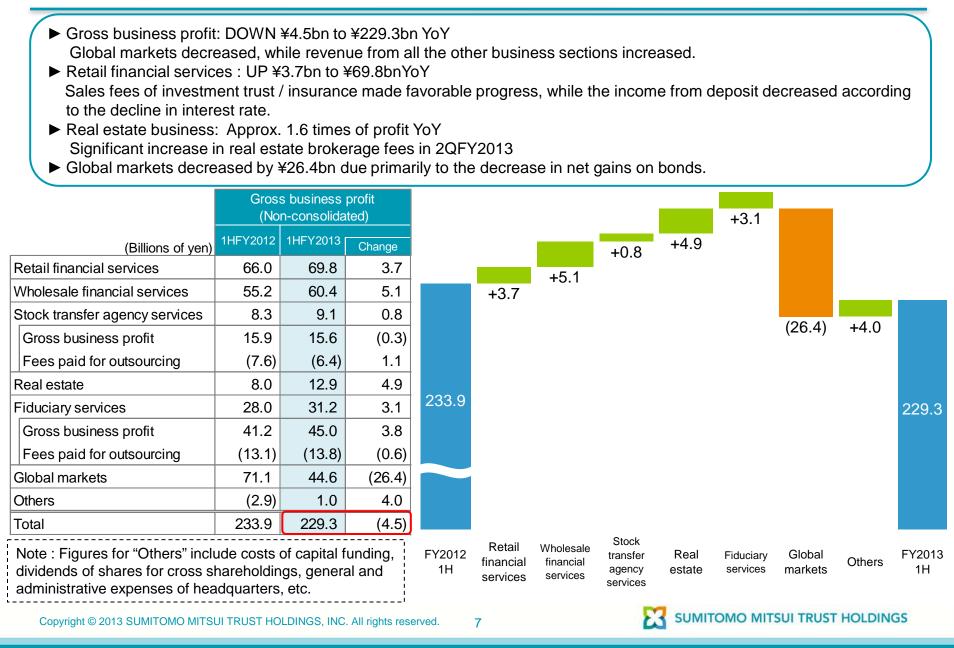
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(*3) One-time



(Billions of Yen)

Breakdown of profit by business: Non-consolidated



- Net interest income: DOWN ¥4.3bn YoY The deterioration in swaps exceeded the improvement in loan-deposit income and net income from securities. Net interest income, excluding one-time effect of the losses from unwinding swaps, etc. stayed almost flat.
- Loan-deposit income: UP ¥2.4bn YoY Positive effect from expansion of loans in international business exceeded the decrease in domestic loan-deposit income

			1HF)	/2013			< Ma	jor factors (change fror	n 1HFY201	2) >	
(Average balance: Trillions of yen) (Income/Expense: Billions of yen)	buluitoo	Change from 1HFY2012	Yield	Change from 1HFY2012	Income/ Expense	Change from 1HFY2012	 (1) <u>Securities : +1.6bn [¥48.9bn → ¥50.5bn]</u> Japanese bonds: ¥(1.7)bn [¥5.4bn → ¥3.6bn] Stocks: + ¥1.3bn [¥11.6bn → ¥12.9bn] 					
Net interest income					100.9	(4.3)		reign bonds ners:		bn [¥15.7 bn [¥11.7		
Domestic business			0.66%	(0.06%)	89.7	(4.4)		come from c		-		
Interest-earning assets	27.13	1.23	1.00%	(0.11%)	136.6	(7.7)				•	n → ¥9.1bi	ן
Loans and bills discounted	18.29	0.32	1.00%	(0.11%)	91.9	(8.4)	· · · —	<u>waps : ¥(9.4</u> mestic busi	, -	, ,		nl
Securities	4.27	(1.32)	1.61%	0.44%	34.6	1.5		ernational b				
Interest-bearing liabilities	26.89	1.39	0.34%	(0.05%)	(46.9)	3.3		Loss from u	•		d to invest	ment in
Deposits	21.03	0.28	0.30%	(0.04%)	(32.6)	2.9	debt securities ¥(6.0)bn					
International business			0.50%	(0.14%)	11.1	0.0	Domestic loan-deposit margin					
Interest-earning assets	6.44	2.05	1.38%	(0.18%)	44.7	10.3				yield on Loa		discounted
Loans and bills discounted	4.00	1.64	1.26%	(0.10%)	25.3	9.1				yield on Dep posit margin		
Securities	1.56	0.07	2.02%	(0.09%)	15.8	0.1	1.5%	1.21%	1.17%	C C		
Interest-bearing liabilities	7.58	2.54	0.88%	(0.04%)	(33.6)	(10.2)			1.1170	1.11%	1.07%	1.00%
Deposits	1.94	0.99	0.41%	(0.18%)	(4.0)	(1.2)	1.0%		_			
Loan-deposit margin / income			0.73%	(0.06%)	80.6	2.4		0.82%	0.81%	0.77%	0.75%	0.70%
Domestic business			0.70%	(0.07%)	59.3	(5.4)	0.5%					0.70%
<reference> Net interest incom</reference>	ne and rela	ted profit			104.8	(4.2)	0.0%	0.39%	0.36%	0.34%	0.32%	0.30%
Trust fees from principal guaranteed trust a/c					3.9	0.0		FY11 1H	FY11 2H	FY12 1H	FY12 2H	FY13 1H
Note: Figures above include only	Note: Figures above include only banking a/c, same as the disclosure of 1Q and 3Q.											
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- Net fees and commissions and related profit (Non-consolidated): UP ¥17.7bn to ¥95.9bn YoY Fees related to investment trust / insurance sales, fiducially services and real estate increased due to the improvement of investors' sentiment by the depreciation of yen, rise in stock price and the recovery in real estate market.
- Fee income ratio to gross business profit (Consolidated): UP 9.4 percentage points to 52.7% ¥31.6bn yen increase in net fees and commissions YoY

	Non-cons	solidated	Consoli	dated (*)	Trend of net fees and commissions (Consolidated						
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2013	Change from 1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change from 1HFY2012	(Billions d	Netfees and Others of yen)	d commissi	ons 📕	 Net interest Ratio to gros 		
let fees and commissions and related profit	95.9	17.7	171.7	31.6	800.0					•	609
(Net fees and commissions)	51.1	12.2	124.2	26.4		20,40/	42.5%	43.3%		52.7%	
(Other trust fees)	44.8	5.5	47.5	5.1	600.0	39.4%	42.070		51.1%	02.170	40
Investment trust and Insurance Sales	28.0	6.9	28.0	6.9		050.0	350.6				
Fiduciary services	31.2	3.1	80.2	11.5	400.0	359.9 85.4	69.7	323.0	314.8	325.5	
Profit	45.0	3.8	84.8	12.8	200.0	132.4	131.6	64.9	44.2	41.0	209
Fees paid for outsourcing	(13.8)	(0.6)	(4.5)	(1.3)	200.0			117.9			
Stock transfer agency services	9.1	0.8	17.0	3.2	0.0	141.9	149.1	140.1	161.1	171.7	
Profit	15.6	(0.3)	17.0	(0.1)		FY11	FY11	FY12	FY12	FY13	• • •
Fees paid for outsourcing	(6.4)	1.1	-	3.4		1H	2H	1H	2H	1H	
Real estate	13.1	5.7	21.6	8.2		Compariso	on of tee I	ncome ra	itio (Consol	idated)	
Others (Loan arrangement fees, etc.)	14.4	1.1	24.6	1.6	60%	52.7%					
atio to gross business profit	41.8%	8.4%	52.7%	9.4%	40%		33	.3%	32.5%	28.7	7%
*) Figures are after eliminations of intra-g	roup transacti	ons			20%						
					0%						
						SMTH	Meg	a bank A	Mega bank B	Mega C	

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General and administrative expenses

- General and administrative expenses (Non-consolidated): UP ¥4.7bn YoY due primarily to the increase in retirement benefit expenses
- Overhead ratio (Non-consolidated): UP 3.1 percentage points to 54.4% YoY due to the decrease in gross business profit in addition to the above.

	Nor	n-consolidate	ed	Tr	end of g	eneral and	l admin <u>ist</u>	rative expe	enses	
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	(Non-consolidated)						
Personnel expenses	(48.8)	(54.0)	(5.1)							
Salaries etc.	(48.9)	(48.8)	0.0	(Billions of yen) Non-personnel expenses excluding taxes				ng taxes		
Retirement benefit expenses	8.0	2.8	(5.2)			Personnel expenses				
Others	(8.0)	(7.9)	0.0	150.0						
Non-personnel expenses excluding taxes	(65.5)	(65.5)	(0.0)			127.3			1017	
IT system-related costs	(19.3)	(18.5)	0.7		121.2	6.2	120.0	119.3	124.7 5.1	
Others	(46.2)	(46.9)	(0.7)		5.6		5.6	5.7	0.1	
Taxes other than income taxes	(5.6)	(5.1)	0.4	100.0						
General and administrative expenses (a)	(120.0)	(124.7)	(4.7)	100.0						
Overhead ratio ((a) / gross business profit)	51.3%	54.4%	3.1%		66.6	70.8	65.5	64.5	65.5	
	(Refere	nce) Consoli	dated							
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	50.0						
Personnel expenses	(85.1)	(91.3)	(6.1)						- 1 0	
Non-personnel expenses excluding taxes	(92.7)	(99.3)	(6.5)		48.9	50.2	48.8	49.0	54.0	
Taxes other than income taxes	(6.5)	(6.1)	0.4							
General and administrative expenses	(184.5)	(196.7)	(12.2)	0.0						
					FY11 1H	FY11 2H	FY12 1H	FY12 2H	FY13 1H	
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Breakdown of total credit costs and migration analysis

- Total credit costs (Non-consolidated): reversal of ¥4.0bn Posted reversal of allowance for loan losses by the recoveries in clients' financial conditions in addition to the limited occurrence of the new non-performing loans
- Total credit costs of group companies: reversal of ¥2.5bn Posted reversal of allowance for the Great East Japan Earthquake and the recoveries in clients' financial conditions, etc.

Loans classified as assets to other special mention debtors or worse decreased by ¥158.7bn from Mar.2013 due to the upgrade of debtors and repayments.

< Total credit costs >	FY2012			FY2013	Major factors (145/2012)			
(Billions of yen)		1H	2H	1H	Major factors (1HFY2013)			
Total credit costs (Non-consolidated)	5.3	3.0	2.2	4.0				
General allowance for loan losses	7.2	8.1	(0.9)	0.5				
Specific allowance for loan losses	(3.3)	(6.9)	3.5	2.4	Downgrade of debtors: Approx. (1.5)			
Recoveries of written-off claims	2.9	2.2	0.7	0.8	Upgrade of debtors: Approx. +3.0 Decrease in loan balance (including recoveries):			
Losses on sales of claims, written-off	(1.4)	(0.3)	(1.1)	0.1	Approx. + 2.5,etc.			
Total credit costs (Group companies)	0.7	1.3	(0.5)	2.5	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Panasonic Finance : Approx. +2.8, etc.			
Total	6.1	4.3	1.7	6.5				

< Migration analysis (Non-consolidated) >

Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013		Downgrade	Downgrade	Upgrade	Upgrade	Repayment,
Balance	Balance	Change	(+)	(-)	(+)	(-)	etc.
31.7	11.3	(20.4)	2.1			(16.0)	(6.4)
172.9	135.9	(36.9)	13.5	(1.1)	15.3	(7.8)	(56.9)
146.1	142.6	(3.4)	3.6	(2.3)	4.8	(0.9)	(8.7)
588.5	490.6	(97.9)	44.9	(8.8)	4.1	(106.4)	(31.7)
939.1	780.4	(158.7)					
	Balance 31.7 172.9 146.1 588.5	BalanceBalance31.711.3172.9135.9146.1142.6588.5490.6	BalanceBalanceChange31.711.3(20.4)172.9135.9(36.9)146.1142.6(3.4)588.5490.6(97.9)	Balance Balance Change (+) 31.7 11.3 (20.4) 2.1 172.9 135.9 (36.9) 13.5 146.1 142.6 (3.4) 3.6 588.5 490.6 (97.9) 44.9	Balance Balance Change (+) (-) 31.7 11.3 (20.4) 2.1 172.9 135.9 (36.9) 13.5 (1.1) 146.1 142.6 (3.4) 3.6 (2.3) 588.5 490.6 (97.9) 44.9 (8.8)	Balance Balance Change (+) (.) (+) 31.7 11.3 (20.4) 2.1 (+) (+) (+) 172.9 135.9 (36.9) 13.5 (1.1) 15.3 146.1 142.6 (3.4) 3.6 (2.3) 4.8 588.5 490.6 (97.9) 44.9 (8.8) 4.1	Balance Balance Change (+) (-) (+) (-) 31.7 11.3 (20.4) 2.1 (16.0) 172.9 135.9 (36.9) 13.5 (11.1) 15.3 (7.8) 146.1 142.6 (3.4) 3.6 (2.3) 4.8 (0.9) 588.5 490.6 (97.9) 44.9 (8.8) 4.1 (106.4)

Forecast for FY2013



- ▶ No revision for the forecast of consolidated net business profit before credit costs and net income.
- The full year dividend on common share is forecasted to be 10 yen per share according to the dividend policy which targets approximately 30% as consolidated dividend payout ratio

< Consolidated >	FY2013					
	1H	Full	Change			
(Billions of yen)	(Actual)	(Forecast)	from FY2012			
Net business profit before credit costs	139.4	270.0	(14.6)			
Ordinary profit	124.5	230.0	(25.0)	(1)		
Netincome	69.2	130.0	(3.7)			
Total credit costs	6.5	(10.0)	(16.1)	(2		
Net gains on stocks	(11.3)	(10.0)	(5.7)	(3)		
Dividend on common share (Yen)	5.00	10.00	+1.00	1		
Consolidated dividend payout ratio		31.1%	3.9%			

< Non-consolidated >

N	et business profit before credit costs	104.5	205.0	(5.2)	(4)
	Gross business profit	229.3	455.0	5.3	
	Retail financial services	69.8	140.0	4.8	
	Wholesale financial services	60.4	120.0	8.2	
	Stock transfer agency services	15.6	(*) 30.0	(0.0)	
	Real estate	12.9	27.0	7.6	
	Fiduciary services	45.0	(*) 90.0	5.9	
	Global markets	44.6	90.0	(32.2)	
	General and administrative expenses	(124.7)	(250.0)	(10.5)	
Т	otal credit costs	4.0	(5.0)	(10.3)	
0	her net non-recurring profit	(18.3)	(25.0)	(0.0)	
0	dinary profit	90.2	175.0	(15.6)	(5
Ν	etincome	56.2	110.0	4.8	(6

(*) Fees paid for outsourcing are not deducted.

(Stock transfer agency services: 13.0bn yen, Fiduciary services: 28.0bn yen)

<u>Major factors (Consolidated):</u> <u>Change from the initial forecast at the beginning of FY2013</u> (1) <u>Ordinary profit : + ¥5.0bn</u> •Non-consolidated: + ¥10.0bn [¥165.0bn → ¥175.0bn] •Effect of purchase accounting method <u>: ¥(5.0)bn [¥15.0bn → ¥10.0bn]</u> (2) <u>Total credit costs: + ¥15.0bn</u> •Non-consolidated: + ¥15.0bn [¥(20.0)bn → ¥(5.0)bn] (3) <u>Net gains on stocks: ¥(10.0)bn</u> •Non-consolidated: ¥(5.0)bn [¥0.0bn → ¥(5.0)bn] • Effect of purchase accounting method : ¥(5.0)bn [¥0.0bn → ¥(5.0)bn]

Major factors (Non-consolidated):
Change from the initial forecast at the beginning of FY2013
(4) <u>Net business profit before credit costs</u> : \pm ¥0.0bn
•Gross business profit: + ¥5.0bn [¥450.0bn → ¥455.0bn]
Wholesale financial services: + ¥10.0bn [¥110.0bn → ¥120.0bn]
Fiduciary services: + ¥2.0bn [¥88.0bn → ¥90.0bn]
Global markets: ¥(10.0)bn [¥100.0bn → ¥90.0bn]
 General and administrative expenses
: ¥(5.0)bn [¥(245.0)bn → ¥(250.0)bn]
(5) <u>Ordinary profit: + ¥10.0bn</u>
•Total credit costs: + ¥15.0bn [¥(20.0)bn → ¥(5.0)bn]
•Net gains on stocks: $\pm (5.0)$ bn [± 0.0 bn $\rightarrow \pm (5.0)$ bn]
(6) <u>Net income: + ¥5.0bn</u>



Business initiatives in 2HFY2013



Business initiatives in 2HFY2013

1. Enhance the fee-related businesses

Accelerate the restructuring of business model to provide unique added value through enhanced cooperation between business sections

- Enhance the fee-related businesses by strategic personnel reallocation in addition to the product line-up strategy such as expanding discretionary investment ("Wrap") and insurance-related products, and expanding the future customer base by acquiring NISA clients.
- Enhance Private Banking business and Global investment solutions business as an offbalance sheet business through the cooperation between business sections

2. Enhance basic earning power in banking business

Allocate management resources to areas expected to expand profits in the low interest rate environment

- Improve the loan-deposit income by covering the contracting of domestic loan-deposit margins by selective expansion of credit exposure to overseas Japanese companies and non-Japanese companies in addition to the consistent enhancement of residential mortgages
- Improve profitability with efficient risk asset control by providing domestic investors with credit products

3. Realize steady integration effects

Steady realization of synergy effects from the merger of subsidiary banks

- Prepare for future cost reduction by the steady progress of banking system integration
- Enhance the sales force by continuous personnel reallocation
- Expand the client base by opening new branches in the uncovered area

4. Establish enhanced financial soundness

Control the credit risks and market risks appropriately

Preparation for new Basel regulations

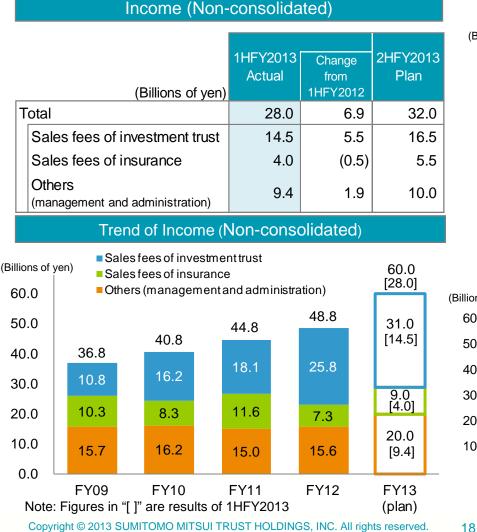
- Control downside risk by maintaining quality of credit portfolio
 - Continue ALM operation by considering companywide interest rate risk
 - Suppress the volatility risk for capital by further reduction of cross shareholdings
 - Control risk weighted assets appropriately and promote suppression of deduction items
 - Accelerate the preparations to introduce the Advanced Internal Rating Based approach (AIRB) for the credit risk and the Advanced Measurement Approach (AMA) for the operational risk

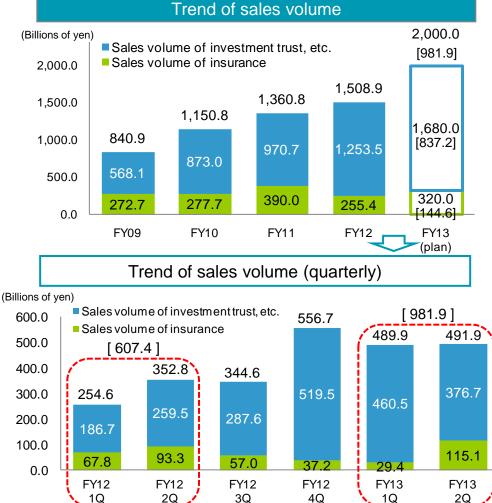


Progress for Management integration

Synergy effects in 1HFY2013 : Revenue synergies ¥7.2bn, Cost synergies ¥5.2bn, mostly in line with the initial plan The integration of banking IT system to be completed in FY2014 is progressing smoothly > Opening new branches mainly in the uncovered areas along with the reduction of overlapping branches to establish the efficient branch network Reallocated personnel (approximately 260 head counts) in 1HFY2013 mainly to strategic business areas such as Retail financial services. Further enhancing the sales force in 2HFY2013. IT system integration Synergy results Steady progress toward banking IT system integration 1HFY2013 FY2013 in FY2014 (Billions of yen) (actual) (plan) **Revenue synergies** 7.2 Major task for integration 2.2 Retail financial services 14.0 Rehearsal for system migration Wholesale financial services 3.4 5.2 Cost synergies 11.5 Status of personnel reallocation Releasing the integrated new system Status of personnel reallocation in 1HFY2013 Branch network strategy [Plan for FY2013] Considering opening new branches Approx. 340 employees to be reallocated in uncovered areas mainly in the metropolitan area [Actual in 1HFY2013] Approx. 260 employees were reallocated mainly in Retail financial services and Wholesale financial services Opening 3 branches (Meguro, Shin-Yurigaoka, Ichikawa) \rightarrow Expanding the wealthy client base Human resource strategy in 2HFY2013 Reallocating additional approx. 110 head counts Integrating the remaining overlapping branches mainly to Retail business services or global-related business (approximately 20 branches) areas, etc. through the further streamlining of headquarters after the banking IT system integration \rightarrow Pursuit of the expansion of cost synergies SUMITOMO MITSUI TRUST HOLDINGS Copyright © 2013 SUMITOMO MITSUI TRUST HOLDINGS, INC. All rights reserved. 16

 Sales volume of investment trust and insurance products: UP62% to ¥981.9bn YoY Strategic reallocation of personnel and development of products captured the recovery of market condition.
 Related income: UP ¥6.9bn to ¥28.0bn YoY due primarily to 62% increase in sales fees of investment trust



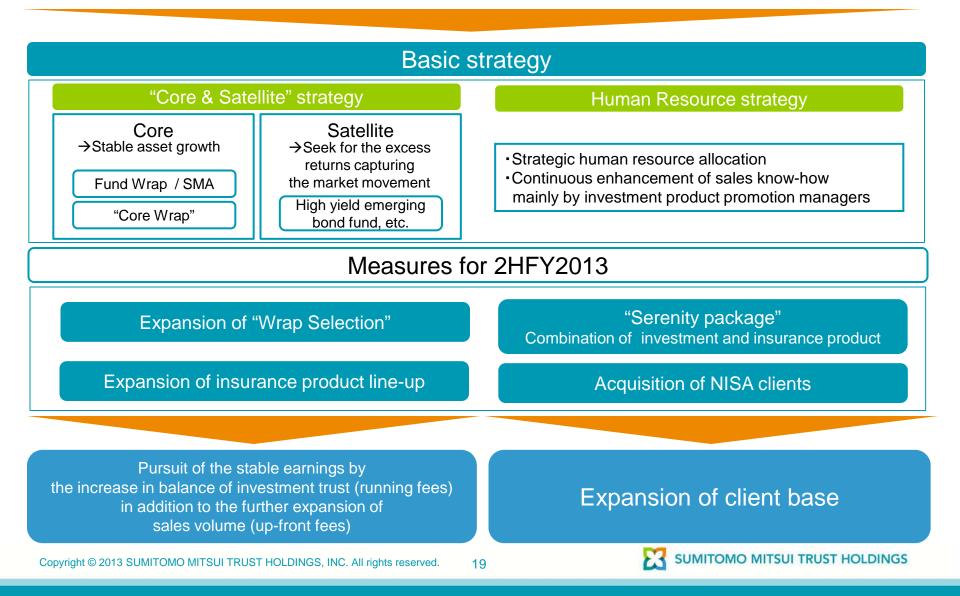


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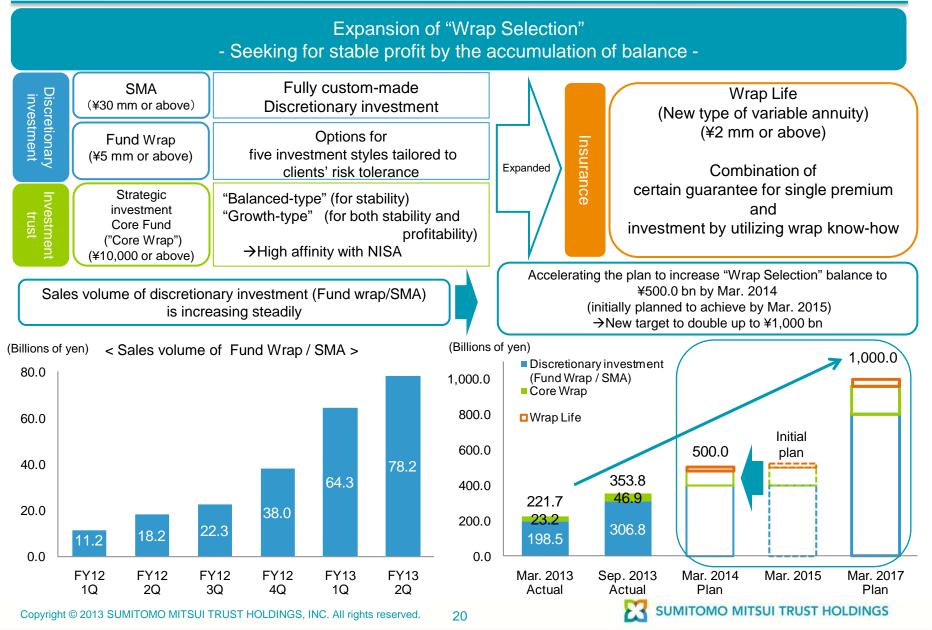
(business strategy)

Operating Environment:

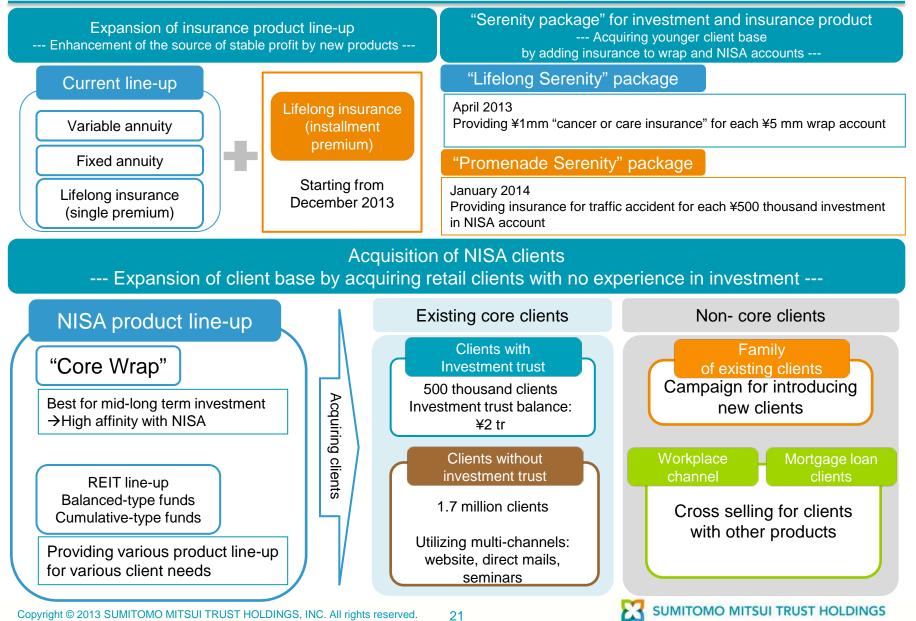
Leaving deflation behind and expecting for inflation, Change in market environment (from risk off to risk on), NISA introduction



(business strategy)



(business strategy)



Strengthen fee businesses 2 : Fiduciary services

- ► AUM of SMTB and subsidiaries: UP ¥3.8tr from Mar. 2013 due to the increase in fair value and net cash-inflow
- Related income of SMTB: UP ¥3.1bn YoY due to the increase in fair value of AUM in addition to the increase in AUC such as entrusted investment trust.

Assets under management (AUM)

		Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	
	(Trillions of yen)	Actual	Actual	Change
As	ssets under management (AUM)	63.4	67.2	3.8
:	SMTB	43.8	46.7	2.9
	Corporate pension trust	14.9	15.5	0.5
	Public pension trust	9.5	10.3	0.7
	Discretionary investment	19.3	20.9	1.6
	Subsidiaries	19.5	20.4	0.9
	Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management	4.3	4.4	0.1
	Nikko Asset Management	15.2	16.0	0.7

Income

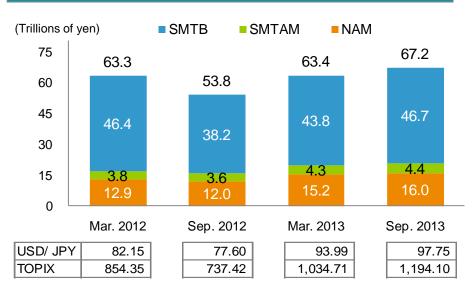
(Billions of yen)		Change from 1HFY2012	< Reference > FY2012
SMTB	31.2	3.1	57.0
Gross business profit	45.0	3.8	84.0
Fees paid out for outsourcing	(13.8)	(0.6)	(27.0)
Group companies	8.0	2.8	12.6

(Net business profit) (*1)	8.0	2.8	12.6
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management	1.4	0.8	1.5
Nikko Asset Management	5.6	2.3	7.9

(*1) Contribution to consolidated

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Assets under management (AUM) by company



Assets under custody (AUC) Mar. 2013 Sep. 2013 (Trillions of yen) Actual (Billions of USD) Actual Change Domestic entrusted assets (*2) 8 180 188 254.7 258.1 3.4 Global custody assets (*3) Fund administration 19.8 18.3 (1.4)

(*2) Total trust assets of the group companies

(*3) Combined figures of Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank (U.S.A.) Limited and Sumitomo Mitsui Trust (UK) Limited



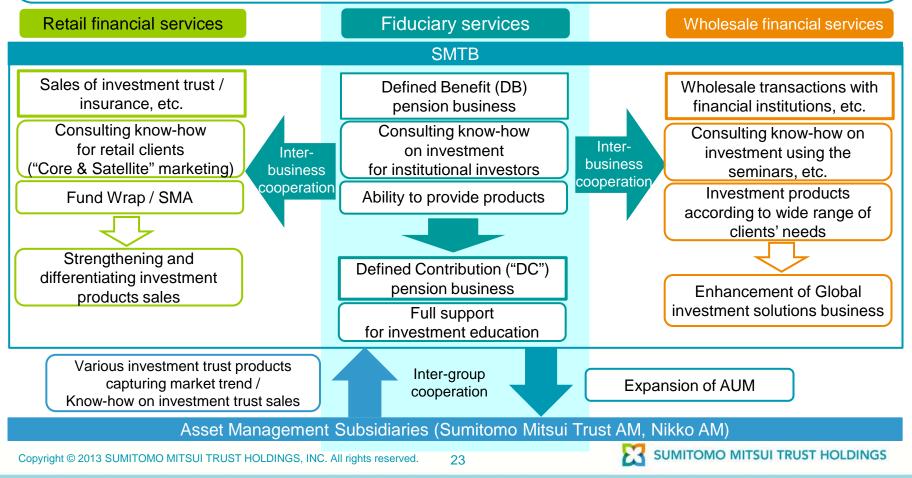
Strengthen fee businesses 2 : Fiduciary services (business strategy)

Cooperation between business sections and group companies

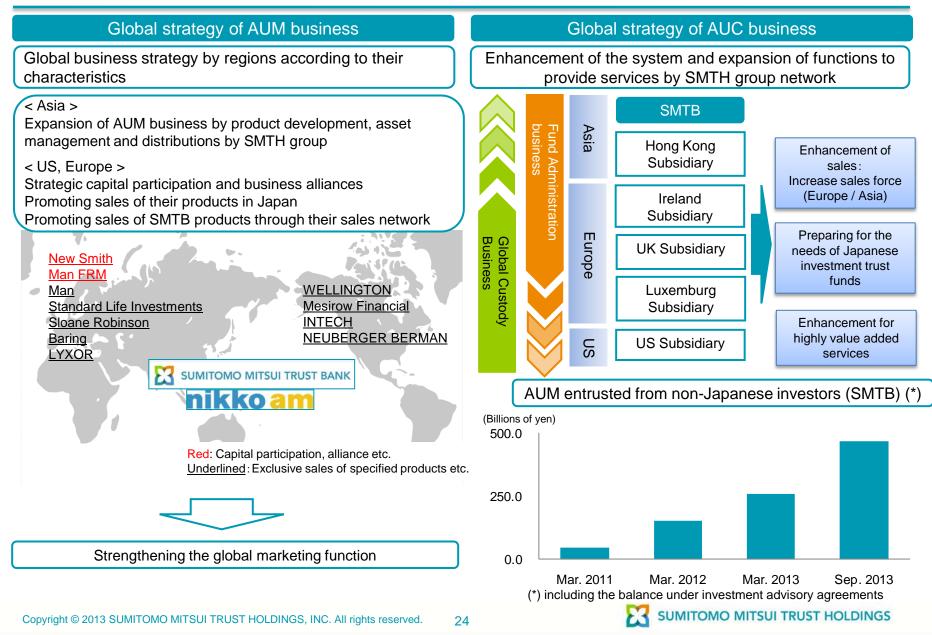
Pursuit of growth for the whole group by sharing the know-how in the Defined Benefit (DB) pension business with other business sections and group companies

<Retail financial services>: differentiating the sales of investment product to expand sales volume for SMTB and AUM at asset management subsidiaries

<Wholesale financial services>: supporting the asset management of wholesale clients such as financial institutions leads to the strengthening of the Global investment solutions business for corporate clients.



Strengthen fee businesses 2 : Fiduciary services (business strategy)



Strengthen fee businesses 3: Real estate

- ▶ Real estate brokerage fees of SMTB: UP to ¥9.8bn, 2.4 times increase from 1HFY2012 Brokerage transactions of large properties for institutional clients increased in 1HFY2013
- ▶ Real estate brokerage fees (Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty): UP ¥2.4bn to ¥7.3bn YoY. Brokerage transactions for retails clients showed steady progress.

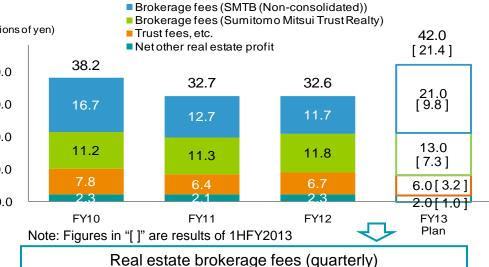
Real estate business (Group basis)

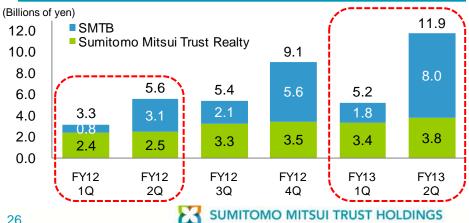
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2013 Actual	Change from 1HFY2012	2HFY2013 Plan	(Billions
Real estate brokerage fees	17.2	8.2	16.5	40.0
SMTB	9.8	5.8	11.0	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty	7.3	2.4	5.5	30.0
Real estate trust fees, etc.	3.2	(0.1)	3.0	20.0
Net other real estate profit	1.0	(0.3)	1.0	40.0
SMTB	(0.1)	(0.7)	-	10.0
Group companies	1.1	0.4	1.0	0.0
Total	21.4	7.7	20.5	
SMTB	12.9	4.9	14.0	

Asset under management / Asset under custody

	(Billions of yen)	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013
S	ecuritized real estate	9,982.8	127.3
Asset under custody from J-REITs		7,129.1	720.0
A	sset under management	754.9	(76.4)
	Private placement funds	382.4	(102.2)
	J-REITs	372.4	25.8

Trend of revenue from real estate business

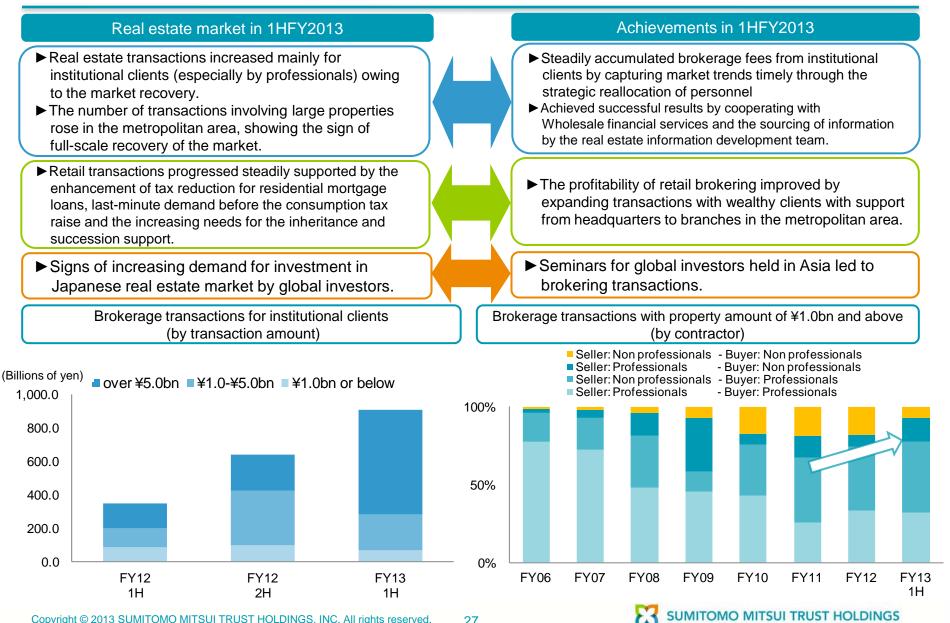




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Strengthen fee businesses 3: Real estate (Operating environment)



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Strengthen fee businesses 3: Real estate (Business strategy)

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Corporations (SMTB)

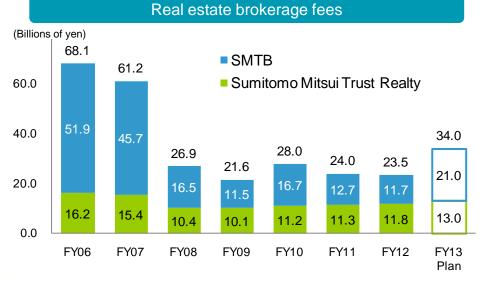
- Improvement in contract ratio by providing consulting services according to the clients needs
- Enhancement of sourcing power through cooperation with Wholesale financial services and the real estate information development team

Global market

- Prospecting for investors through joint seminars in cooperation with foreign financial institutions
- Promotion in alliance and cooperation with overseas real estate companies to capture the demand to invest in Japanese real estate by overseas investors

Retail clients (Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty)

- Promotion of sales to wealthy retail clients with needs for the inheritance and succession support.
- Promotion of sales to wealthy clients by sourcing information on properties from SMTB clients, and providing exclusive buy/sell information
- Promotion of co-marketing with SMTB in the Nagoya and Osaka areas where the client base of SMTB is strong and the potential for transactions with wealthy clients is high.



Number of real estate brokerage-related information



Enhancing basic earning power: Credit portfolio strategy (Overview)

- Balance of overall credit portfolio: UP ¥0.33tr to ¥24.30tr due to the increase in loans to individuals and credit to overseas borrowers.
- Keeping the strategy to focus on the credit to overseas borrowers and the loans to individuals where steady demand from borrowers can be expected

		Credit p	ortfolio		Credit portfolio strategy			
 Loans to individuals Non-Japanese borrower Large corporations, etc. (Trillions of yen) 25 22.98 			 Overseas Japanese borrower Real estate NRL, etc. 24.30 		 The domestic low interest rate environment continues Demand from individuals (residential mortgage loans) is stable Estimated to take more time before the full-scale recovery of loan demand from domestic corporations Loan demand from overseas Japanese and non-Japanese 			
20	6.43	6.92	7.05	7.42	borrower is strong and stable.			
15	1.70 1.31	2.28	2.48	2.58	Loans to individuals Accumulating the loan balance by offering competitive loan rates with the efficient sales structure and the low credit costs			
	1.76	1.78 1.62	1.98 1.67	2.48 1.68	Overseas subsidiaries of manufacturers, project			
10	11.77	11.35	11.11	11.00	Japanese borrower Expanding network and alliances to match conditions in each country or region			
0					Non- Japanese borrower Expanding the range of transactions (Real estate NRL to overseas properties/ Non-Japanese project finances) Expanding credit investments can lead to the			
Copyright	Mar. 2012 © 2013 SUMITO	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013 THOLDINGS, INC. A	Mar. 2014 Plan I rights reserved.	30 Global investment solutions business			

Enhancing basic earning power: Credit portfolio strategy (Global)

- Balance of credit to overseas Japanese and non-Japanese borrowers: UP ¥206.0bn, UP¥199.0bn, respectively due to the steady increase in loans in addition to the effect by yen depreciation from the end of FY2012.
- Expanding the business by loans and investment to the new asset class and by sales promotion according to the characteristics of each region

Balance of credit to overseas Japanese borrowers

(Billions of yen)	Sep. 2013 Actual	Change from Mar. 2013	2HFY2013 Plan
Overseas Japanese borrowers	2,487.5	206.0	+100.0
Loans	2,348.8	214.1	
Non-Japanese borrowers	1,980.3	199.0	+500.0
Loans	1,431.6	403.3	
USD/JPY	97.75	3.76	

USD/JPY 97.75

(*) In addition to the above, there are acceptance and guarantee, etc. Sep. 2013: ¥52.9bn (+ ¥1.1bn from Mar. 2013)

Overseas Japanese borrowers

Existing type of credit

- Credit to trading companies and financing subsidiaries of manufacturers
- Project finances (Japanese companies involved)
- Ship finances (Sponsored by Japanese companies)

Accelerating the business promotion strategy according to each region

Opening overseas branches, expanding the head counts

► Alliance/ Cooperation with influential local banks, etc.

Non-Japanese borrowers

Existing type of credit

- ▶ Bi-lateral lending to guasi sovereign or top-tier companies mainly in Asia
- ► Air finances/ syndicated loans
- Purchasing quality assets from major foreign banks

Expansion of the range of credit

- Overseas real estate NRL (London / Singapore)
- ▶ Project / Ship finances for non-Japanese companies
- Enhancing the sourcing route through the coordination with major foreign banks

Expanding the investment to credit assets

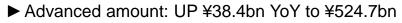
- Bonds guaranteed by ECA or supra-national institution
- ▶ Bonds issued by the overseas issuer with high rating
- High yield loan funds in North America (diversified investment)
- Certain kinds of securitization products (North American CLO / European RMBS), etc.

Application to global investment solutions business

Provide investment solutions to domestic investors, etc. Financial institutions (regional banks/ insurance companies) / Non-profit corporations/ Corporations/ Pension funds/ Investment trust (retails)



Enhancing basic earning power: Credit portfolio strategy (Individuals)

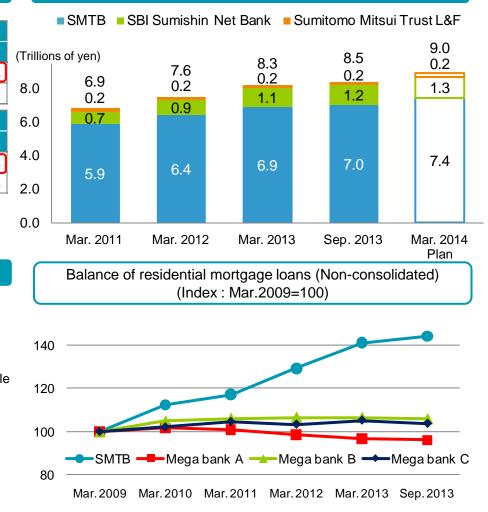


Balance of loans to individuals increased ¥123.8bn, reached to ¥7tr, despite the increase in pre-payment.

32

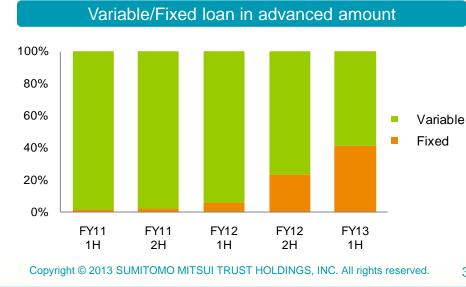
Balance and advanced amount (Non-consolidated)

Balance of loans to Individuals



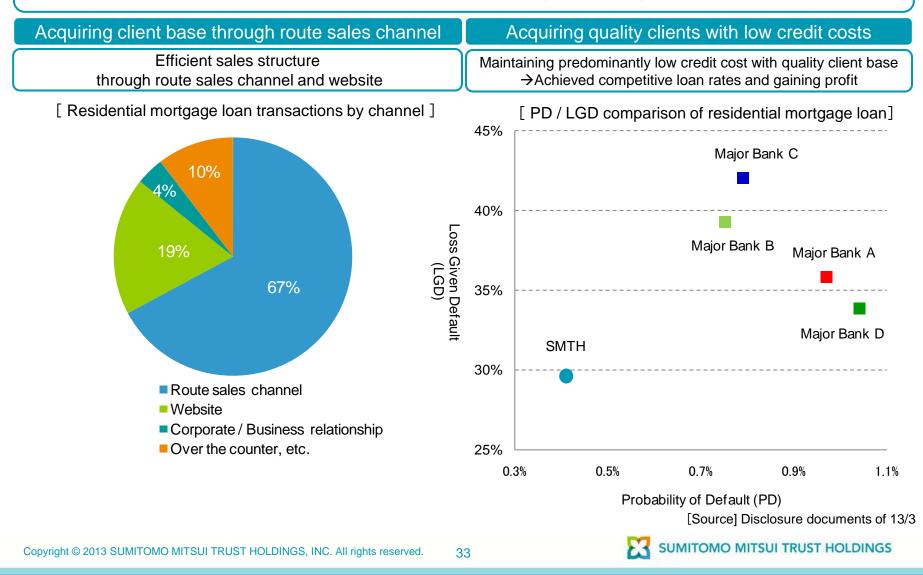
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	1HFY2012	1HFY2013		
(Billions of yen)	Actual	Actual	Change	Т)
Advanced amount of loans to individuals	486.3	524.7	38.4	
Residential mortgage loans	468.1	492.3	24.1	8
	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013		6
(Billions of yen)	Actual	Actual	Change	
Balance of loans to individuals	6,927.5	7,051.3	123.8	4
Residential mortgage loans	6,478.0	6,615.5	137.4	



Enhancing basic earning power: Credit portfolio strategy (Individuals)

Gaining market share while securing certain profitability with virtuous circle to acquire quality clients through efficient sales structure, and the low credit costs which enable to provide competitive loan rates.

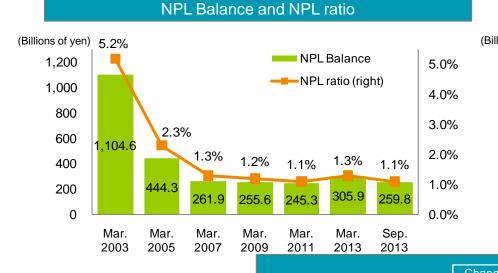


Balance sheet



Problem assets based on the Financial Reconstruction Act: Non-consolidated

- Ratio of "Problem assets based on the Financial Reconstruction Act" to the total loan balance and credit costs ratio continued to stay at low level due to the high guality credit portfolio.
- ► Coverage ratio for "Problem assets based on the Financial Reconstruction Act" stood at 83.4%, which represents sufficient level



					Change
		Sep. 2013	Contrago	Allowance	from
	(Billions of yen)		ratio (*1)	ratio (*2)	Mar. 2013
P	roblem assets based on the Financial Reconstruction Act	259.8	83.4%	44.0%	(46.1)
	(Ratio to total loan balance)	1.1%			(0.2%)
	Bankrupt and practically bankrupt	11.3	100.0%	100.0%	(20.4)
	Doubtful	135.9	93.9%	66.8%	(36.9)
	Substandard	112.6	69.1%	26.5%	11.2
A	ssets to other special mention debtors	520.6			(112.6)
Ordinary assets		22,829.6			743.8
Т	otal	23,610.1			585.1

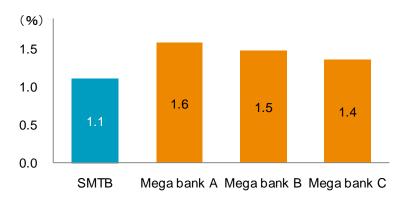
(*1) (Collateral value after considering haircuts + allowance for loan losses) / Loan balance

(*2) Allowance for loan losses / (Loan balance - collateral value after considering haircuts)

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(Billions of yen) 0.96% Credit costs 1.0% 200.0 Credit costs ratio (right) 150.0 0.33% 0.34% 0.5% 0.21% 0.03% 203.0 100.0 (0.03%) (0.02%)0.0% 50.0 73.9 66.8 41.1 7.4 0.0 (6.1)(4.0) (25.0)(0.5)% FY10 **FY13** FY02 **FY04 FY06 FY08** FY12 1H

Comparison of NPL ratio (Non-consolidated)



Total credit costs and credit cost ratio

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Securities portfolio and interest rate risk

Cost of available-for-sale securities: DOWN ¥473.0bn to ¥4,795.9bn

"Japanese bonds" decreased due to the decrease in Treasury Discount Bills and the "Japanese stocks" decreased due to the sales. "Others" increased from the purchase of US Treasuries, etc.

Unrealized gains / losses of available-for-sale securities improved to net gains of ¥381.1bn as of Sep.2013 owing to the recovery in stock market.

Promoting steady reduction of cross shareholdings. Reduction amount: ¥35.0bn in 1HFY2013

<Breakdown of securities with

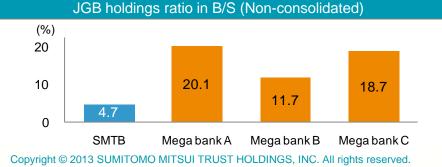
fair value (Consolidated)>		Costs			Fair value		Unrea	lized gains/ l	osses
(Billions of yen)	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change
Available-for-sale securities	5,268.9	4,795.9	(473.0)	5,550.9	5,177.0	(373.9)	281.9	381.1	99.1
Japanese stocks	788.5	754.5	(34.0)	1,041.1	1,123.3	82.2	252.5	368.8	116.2
Japanese bonds	2,955.9	2,389.9	(566.0)	2,965.5	2,394.8	(570.7)	9.6	4.9	(4.6)
Others	1,524.4	1,651.4	127.0	1,544.2	1,658.7	114.5	19.7	7.3	(12.4)
Held-to-maturity debt securities	636.2	468.9	(167.2)	683.1	510.8	(172.3)	46.9	41.8	(5.0)

Securities portfolio of Global markets (Non-consolidated) (*1)

	10BPV (*2)		Duration (*2) (years)	
(Billions of yen)	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013
JPY	4.9	(0.9)	2.6	0.3
Others	5.6	3.4	6.2	2.1

(*1) Managerial reporting basis; "Held-to-maturity debt securities" and "Available-forsale securities" are combined

(*2) In the calculation of 10BPV and duration, investment balance hedged by derivative transactions, etc. were excluded



Balance of cross shareholdings (Consolidated) (*3)



Mar. 2009 Mar. 2010 Mar. 2011 Mar. 2012 Mar. 2013 Sep. 2013

(Billions of yen)	FY2011	FY2012	1HFY2013
Reduction amount of cross shareholdings	55.7	55.6	35.0

(*3) The above mentioned figures of "cost of shareholdings" are those of listed shares.

Foreign currency liquidity

<Foreign currency B/S (as of Sep. 2013)>

- Enhanced stable mid-long term funding for foreign currency by the issuance of USD denominated senior corporate bond in addition to the cross currency swap and FX forward.
- Over 70% of loans are covered by stable funding such as client deposits, cross currency swap and FX forward and USD denominated senior corporate bond, etc.
- ▶ Inter-bank transactions have a large amount of excess net loans resulting from the surplus of short term funding

	((Billions of USD)	<overview currency="" foreign="" funding="" of=""></overview>
		Client deposits 7.9	 (1) Funding for bond investments are basically covered by repo transactions
Loans 3	36.6	Cross currency swap and FX forward 16.5	 (2) Loans are covered by stable funding mainly by cross currency swap and FX forward → Balance of JPY deposits exceeds that of JPY loans by approx. ¥4.9 trillion yen, thus there is sufficient room to convert Japanese yen into foreign currencies
		Senior corporate bond, etc. 2.4	 (3) Deposits from central banks, Deposits from asset management companies, USCPs, etc. → Promoting diversification of fund suppliers and funding methods
Credit securities	5.3		 (4) Issuance of USD denominated senior corporate bond → Diversification of mid-long term funding
Net I/B depo, FWD, etc.	19.7	Deposit from central banks, 37.4 USCPs, etc.	(5) Inter-bank transactions have excess net loans
Bond investments	11.6	Repo 9.0	

Status of capital, financial and capital policies



Status of capital

► Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio (Consolidated) : Up 1.20 percentage points to 9.50% (initial implementation), and Up 1.76 percentage points to 8.24% (pro forma on the fully-loaded basis*) due to the accumulation of net income and offering of treasury stocks.

< Status of capital and total risk weighted assets >

				, (,
	(Billions of yen)	Mar. 2013 Actual	Sep. 2013 Preliminary	Change	Minimum capital requirements
Т	otal capital ratio	14.10%	15.83%	1.73%	8.00%
Т	ier 1 capital ratio	9.95%	11.19%	1.24%	4.50%
С	ommon Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	8.30%	9.50%	1.20%	3.50%
Т	otal capital	2,738.5	2,930.4	191.9	
	Tier 1 capital	1,934.0	2,071.1	137.1	
	Common Equity Tier 1 capital	1,613.7	1,758.7	144.9	
	Instruments and reserves Regulatory adjustments	1,613.7	1,758.7 -	144.9 -	
	Additional Tier 1 capital	320.2	312.4	(7.7)	
	Tier 2 capital	804.5	859.3	54.7	
Т	otal risk weighted assets	19,421.5	18,506.7	(914.7)	
	Credit risk	17,716.3	17,071.0	(645.3)	
	Market risk	528.3	247.1	(281.1)	
	Operational risk	1,176.9	1,188.5	11.6	

(International standard) (Consolidated)

<Major factors of change in capital during 1HFY2013>

- (1) Common Equity Tier 1 capital: +¥144.9bn
 - Net income: +¥69.2bn
 - •Offering of treasury stocks: +¥93.9bn, etc.

<Major factors of change in risk weighted assets during 1HFY2013>

(2) Credit risk: ¥(0.64)tr

- •Advancement of the subsidiaries' calculation method of risk weighted assets to FIRB: ¥(0.25)tr
- Decrease in stock-type investment trust: ¥(0.25)tr, etc.
- (3) Market risk: ¥(0.28)tr
- ·Decrease in foreign exchange, etc.



<Reference> Dividend per common share



<Reference> Fully-loaded basis (pro forma)

Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio	6.48%	8.24%	1.76%
Common Equity Tier 1 capital	1,229.6	1,491.9	262.2
Total risk weighted assets	18,947.0	18,098.6	(848.4)

* Fully-loaded basis: Calculation without considering transitional arrangements concerning "Regulatory adjustments."

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(Reference) Status of capital (Details)

lidated)	<pro forma=""></pro>
Initial implementation	Fully-loaded basis
2,930.4	
2,071.1	/
1,758.7	1,491.9
1,758.7	1,938.8
-	(446.9)
312.4	
465.0	
859.3	
772.1	
18,506.7	18,098.6
17,071.0	16,662.9
247.1	247.1
1,188.5	1,188.5
15.83%	
11.19%	
9.50%	8.24%
	implementation 2,930.4 2,071.1 1,758.7 1,758.7 312.4 465.0 859.3 772.1 18,506.7 17,071.0 247.1 1,188.5 15.83% 11.19%

< Status of capital and total risk weighted assets >

<Fully-loaded basis>

- (1) Without considering transitional arrangements on "Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income", "Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties", and "Regulatory adjustments."
- (2) Not including the amount of decrease in eligible capital instruments subject to phase-out arrangements after the expiring of transitional arrangements.

		<pro forma=""></pro>
items subject to transitional arrangements	Initial	Fully-loaded
(Billions of yer) implementation	basis
Common Equity Tier 1 capital (CET1)	1,758.7	1,491.9
Instruments and reserves	1,758.7	1,938.8
Directly issued qualifying capital plus retained earnings	1,724.2	1,724.2
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	-	212.5
Common share capital issued by subsidiaries and held by third parties	34.4	1.9
Amount allowed in group CET1 subject to transitional arrangements	32.4	-
Regulatory adjustments	-	(446.9)
Intangibles	-	(182.5)
Deferred tax assets excluding those arising from temporary differences	-	(13.5)
Shortfall of eligible provisions to expected losses	-	(93.5)
Defined-benefit pension fund net assets	-	(110.7)
Investments in the capital of banking, financial and insurance entities that are outside the scope of regulatory consolidation, net of eligible short positions, where the bank does not own more than 10% of the issued share capital	-	(41.9)
Amount above 10% threshold on specified items	-	-
Regulatory adjustments applied to Common Equity Tier 1 due to insufficient Additional Tier 1 and Tier 2 to cover deductions	-	_

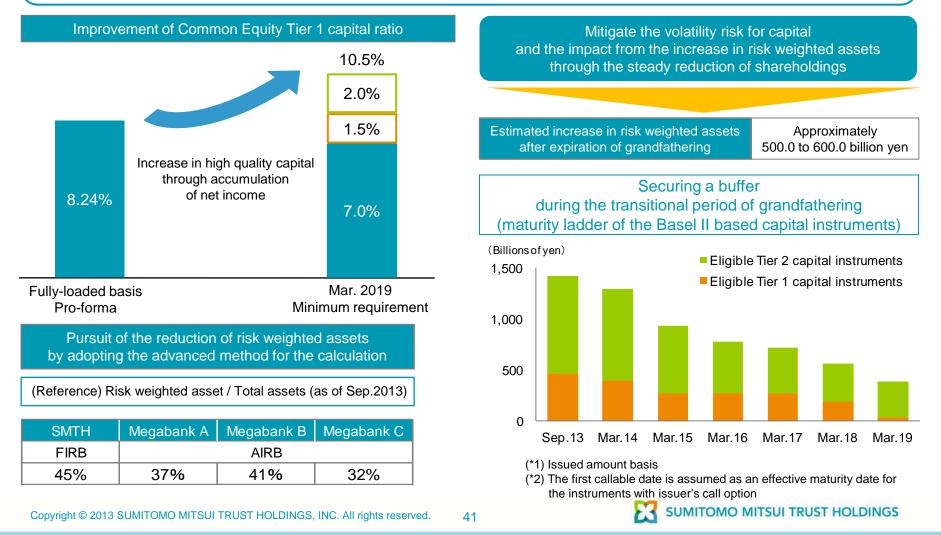
Total risk weighted assets		18,506.7	18,098.6
Amount of credit risk-weighted assets		17,071.0	16,662.9
	Amount included in credit risk weighted assets subject to transitional arrangements	408.0	-
	Amount of market risk equivalents	247.1	247.1
Amount of operational risk equivalents		1,188.5	1,188.5



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Meeting new capital regulations (Basel III)

- Steady improvement of each of capital adequacy ratio through the accumulation of net income and efficient risk weighted asset control.
- Steady reduction of cross shareholdings to mitigate the volatility risk for capital
- Pursuit of the further improvement of capital adequacy ratios through the reduction of risk weighted assets by adopting the advanced method (AIRB and AMA).



Financial and capital policies

Basic approach to financial and capital policies	We aim to maximize shareholder interests through the basic approach of ensuring adequate capital (in terms of both quality and quantity), enhancing our sound financial base, and pursuing enhanced capital efficiency
Financial targets	(Medium-term target) Consolidated ROE: approx. 10% (Reference) Estimated Common Equity Tier 1 capital ratio in fiscal year ending Mar. 2016: approximately 8 to 9%
Policy on reduction of cross shareholdings	Cross shareholding balance (after adjusting hedge effects) as of the end of Mar. 2014: approx. 30% of consolidated Tier 1 under Basel II regulation
Basic policy on returns for shareholders	Our basic policy is to share profits with shareholders in accordance with profit level of each fiscal year Dividend policy for common shares is to target approximately 30% as consolidated dividend payout ratio

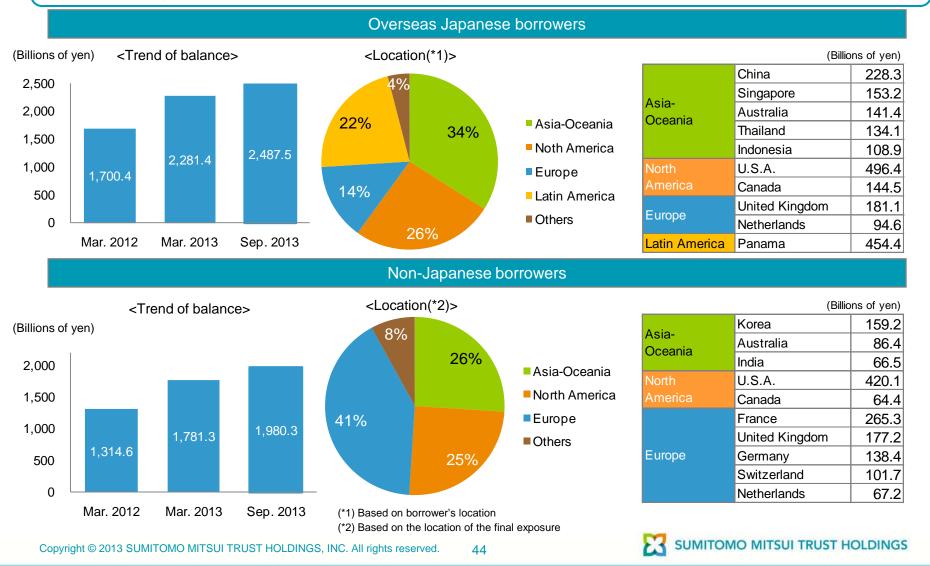


<Supplement 1> Credit portfolio



Overseas Japanese/ Non-Japanese borrowers

- ► Credit to overseas Japanese and non-Japanese borrowers increased by around 10 % in 1HFY2013
- Credit to overseas Japanese borrowers is mainly in Asia-Oceania and North America.
- Credit to non-Japanese borrowers is well-balanced in Europe, Asia-Oceania, and North America



Loans to nonbank financial industry: Non-consolidated

Promoting loans mainly to financing subsidiaries of manufacturing companies which take roles of financing in the group and sales finance

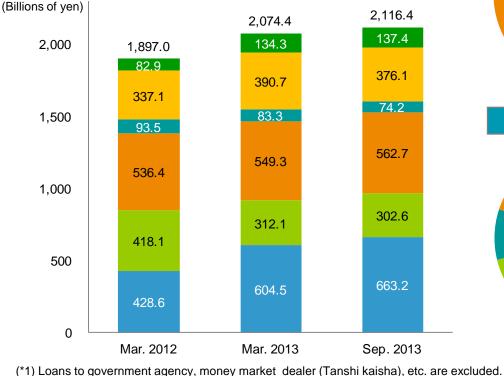
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▶ Balance of loans to consumer finance industry continued to decrease due to the shrinking market

Outstanding loans to nonbank financial industry (*1)

Others

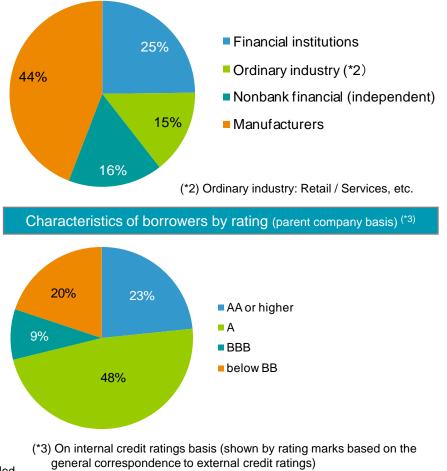
- Financial subsidiaries of corporations, etc.
- Consumer finance
- Leasing
- Credt card & other consumer credit (Other industries)
- Credt card & other consumer credit (Manufacturers)



(1) Loans to government agency, money market dealer (Tanshi kaisha), etc. are exclud

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Characteristics of borrowers' parent company by industry



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Real estate-related loans: Non-consolidated

- Outstanding balance of real estate-related loans: UP ¥35.6bn Increase in real estate NRLs and loans to J-REITs
- ► The balance of loans to J-REITs: UP ¥20.1bn to ¥509.9bn Increase in property acquisition by J-REITs

Balance of real estate-related loans

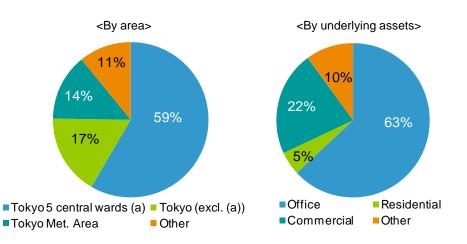
		Max 0040	0	
(Billions of yen)		Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change
R	eal estate-related loans	2,419.9	2,455.6	35.6
	Corporate	795.3	778.6	(16.7)
	Real estate NRL (*)	1,131.8	1,166.4	34.6
	REIT	489.8	509.9	20.1
	CMBS	2.9	0.5	(2.3)

(*) Including bond-type

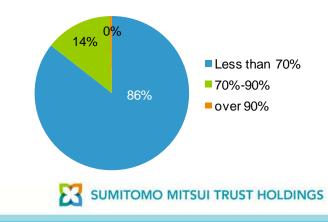
<Reference>

Real estate equity investment	28.7	16.3	(12.4)
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Characteristics of real estate NRL



LTV of real estate NRL (based on external appraisal value)



Changes in balance of real estate NRL (*) and loans to REITs

	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change		
(Billions of yen)			Change	Advance	Collection
Loan balance	1,621.6	1,676.3	54.7	282.7	(227.9)

(*) Including bond-type

<Supplement 2> Financial results and related information



Contribution of major group companies to consolidated financial results

	Net business profit before credit costs			Net income			
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	
Consolidated difference	33.8	34.8	1.0	19.2	13.0	(6.2)	
Effect of purchase accounting method	4.6	(0.7)	(5.3)	9.5	2.4	(7.1)	
Contribution (before consolidated adjustments) (*)	24.2	31.5	7.2	17.5	21.2	3.7	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Asset Management	0.5	1.4	0.8	0.0	0.8	0.8	
Nikko Asset Management (Consolidated)	3.3	5.6	2.3	1.6	2.7	1.0	
Japan Trustee Services Bank	0.8	0.3	(0.5)	0.3	0.1	(0.1)	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank (U.S.A.)	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.1	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank (Luxembourg)	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	0.1	0.1	(0.0)	
Tokyo Securities Transfer Agent	0.4	0.5	0.0	0.3	0.3	0.0	
Japan Securities Agents	(0.2)	0.0	0.2	(0.2)	(0.0)	0.1	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust TA Solution	0.4	0.2	(0.2)	0.2	0.1	(0.1)	
Japan Stockholders Data Service Company	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty	(0.4)	1.7	2.2	0.1	1.0	0.9	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Real Estate Investment Management	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.3	0.2	(0.0)	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Panasonic Finance (Consolidated)	5.6	5.2	(0.3)	4.0	4.4	0.3	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Loan & Finance	3.6	4.0	0.3	3.9	4.3	0.4	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Capital	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	
Zijin Trust	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	
SBI Sumishin Net Bank (Consolidated)	1.4	3.0	1.5	0.8	1.7	0.8	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Guarantee (Consolidated)	4.8	5.5	0.6	3.8	3.1	(0.6)	
Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Card	0.1	0.3	0.2	0.5	0.2	(0.3)	

(*) Excluding the amount of consolidation adjustments such as performance of holding company alone, elimination of dividend and amortization of goodwill, etc.



Breakdown of profit by business

	Gross business profit (Non-consolidated)			Net business profit before credit costs (Non-consolidated) (*2)						
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change	
Retail financial services	66.0	69.8	3.7	0.8	4.8	4.0	5.8	8.6	2.7	
Wholesale financial services	55.2	60.4	5.1	38.2	41.4	3.1	49.2	51.7	2.5	
Stock transfer agency services	8.3	9.1	0.8	6.6	7.6	0.9	7.4	8.5	1.1	
Gross business profit	15.9	15.6	(0.3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fees paid for outsourcing	(7.6)	(6.4)	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Real estate	8.0	12.9	4.9	3.0	8.4	5.3	3.1	11.0	7.9	
Fiduciary services	28.0	31.2	3.1	11.9	16.3	4.4	17.1	24.4	7.2	
Gross business profit	41.2	45.0	3.8	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Fees paid for outsourcing	(13.1)	(13.8)	(0.6)	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Global markets	71.1	44.6	(26.4)	66.4	40.0	(26.4)	66.4	40.0	(26.4)	
Others (*1)	(2.9)	1.0	4.0	(13.4)	(14.2)	(0.8)	(1.6)	(5.0)	(3.4)	
Total	233.9	229.3	(4.5)	113.8	104.5	(9.2)	147.7	139.4	(8.2)	

(*1) Figures of "Others" include costs of capital funding, dividends of shares from cross-shareholdings, general and administrative expenses of headquarters, etc.

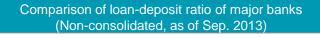
(*2) Calculation method for profit by business group has been partially revised from FY2013 for the purpose of reflecting actual condition appropriately.

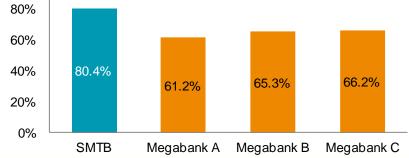
Figures for 1HFY2012 are tentative calculation based on the revised method.



Consolidated balance sheets

	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	
(Billions of yen)			Change
Cash and due from banks	3,902.3	6,807.7	2,905.3
Call loans and bills bought	514.2	533.2	18.9
Receivables under securities borrowing transactions	207.4	295.8	88.3
Monetary claims bought	491.8	670.7	178.9
Trading assets	716.5	574.5	(142.0)
Securities	6,346.0	5,790.0	(555.9)
Loans and bills discounted	22,391.6	22,845.6	453.9
Lease receivables and investment assets	553.5	536.6	(16.9)
Other assets	1,617.3	1,640.0	22.7
Tangible fixed assets	230.5	230.0	(0.5)
Intangible fixed assets	205.7	213.7	7.9
Deferred Tax Assets	75.6	15.7	(59.9)
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees	583.9	556.5	(27.3)
Allowance for loan losses	(132.9)	(113.8)	19.1
Total assets	37,704.0	40,596.8	2,892.8





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	Mar. 2013	Son 2042	
(Billions of yen)		Sep. 2013	Change
Deposits	23,023.8	23,722.4	698.5
Negotiable certificates of deposit	4,103.5	4,687.8	584.3
Call money and bills sold	168.3	182.2	13.9
Payables under repurchase agreements	605.7	1,145.5	539.8
Trading liabilities	233.1	224.2	(8.8)
Borrowed money	1,169.0	1,756.9	587.9
Short-term bonds payable	940.0	1,218.0	278.0
Bonds payable	986.3	1,027.6	41.2
Borrowed money from trust account	2,483.2	2,479.2	(3.9)
Other liabilities	1,074.4	1,113.9	39.5
Deferred tax liabilities	1.8	9.0	7.2
Acceptances and guarantees	583.9	556.5	(27.3)
Total liabilities	35,373.5	38,124.0	2,750.4
Capital stock	261.6	261.6	-
Capital surplus	752.9	754.2	1.2
Retained earnings	790.1	839.7	49.6
Treasury stock	(93.1)	(0.5)	92.6
Total shareholders' equity	1,711.5	1,855.0	143.5
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	161.5	228.1	66.6
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(17.1)	(11.9)	5.2
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	134.4	212.5	78.0
Minority interests	484.4	405.1	(79.2)
Total net assets	2,330.4	2,472.7	142.3
Total liabilities and net assets	37,704.0	40,596.8	2,892.8



<Breakdown of securities with fair value (Consolidated)>

	Costs			Fair value			Unrealized gains/losses		
(Billions of yen)	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change
Available-for-sale securities	5,268.9	4,795.9	(473.0)	5,550.9	5,177.0	(373.9)	281.9	381.1	99.1
Japanese stocks	788.5	754.5	(34.0)	1,041.1	1,123.3	82.2	252.5	368.8	116.2
Domestic bonds	2,955.9	2,389.9	(566.0)	2,965.5	2,394.8	(570.7)	9.6	4.9	(4.6)
Others	1,524.4	1,651.4	127.0	1,544.2	1,658.7	114.5	19.7	7.3	(12.4)
Held-to-maturity debt securities	636.2	468.9	(167.2)	683.1	510.8	(172.3)	46.9	41.8	(5.0)

<Available-for-sale securities with fair value (Non-consolidated)>

Available-for-sale securities	5,075.5	4,547.1	(528.3)	5,388.5	4,956.0	(432.5)	313.0	408.8	95.8
Japanese stocks	749.4	718.9	(30.5)	1,038.1	1,120.3	82.2	288.6	401.3	112.7
Domestic bonds	2,807.5	2,183.6	(623.8)	2,817.4	2,188.6	(628.8)	9.8	4.9	(4.9)
Government bond	2,122.1	1,553.9	(568.1)	2,128.3	1,555.5	(572.8)	6.2	1.5	(4.6)
Others	1,518.4	1,644.5	126.0	1,533.0	1,647.1	114.0	14.5	2.5	(11.9)
Domestic investment (*1)	235.4	218.3	(17.1)	234.6	218.2	(16.3)	(0.8)	(0.1)	0.7
International investment (*1)	960.6	1,209.5	248.8	990.3	1,220.3	229.9	29.6	10.7	(18.8)
US Treasury	298.9	671.9	372.9	309.7	669.6	359.9	10.7	(2.2)	(13.0)
Corporate bonds, etc.	348.6	280.5	(68.0)	354.2	284.7	(69.4)	5.5	4.1	(1.3)
Others (Investment trust, etc.) (*2)	322.2	216.6	(105.6)	308.0	208.5	(99.4)	(14.2)	(8.0)	6.1

(*1) "Domestic investment" and "International investment" are basically categorized by the countries where final exposure exists

(*2) "Investment trust" and investment securities uncategorizable into "Domestic investment" or "International investment"

<Held-to-maturity debt securities with fair value (Non-consolidated)>

Held-to-maturity debt securities	634.3	467.0	(167.2)	681.4	509.1	(172.3)	47.1	42.0	(5.0)
Japanese government bonds	265.4	255.3	(10.1)	278.2	264.6	(13.6)	12.7	9.3	(3.4)
Foreign bonds (Corporate)	179.1	42.4	(136.7)	181.4	44.3	(137.0)	2.3	1.9	(0.3)
Asset-backed securities (International) (*3)	139.4	132.7	(6.7)	170.6	162.7	(7.8)	31.2	30.0	(1.1)

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(*3) Unamortized balance of unrealized loss on overseas asset-backed securities which were reclassified from AFS to HTM during FY2008

(Sep. 2013: (35.4)bn yen, Mar. 2013: (37.9)bn yen)



Deferred tax assets

<

ferred tax assets >	Nc	n-consolidat	ed	Consolidated		
(Billions of yen)	Mar. 2012	Sep. 2013	Change	Mar. 2012	Sep. 2013	Change
Deferred tax assets (A)	159.5	130.6	(28.9)	218.9	183.5	(35.3)
Devaluation of securities	48.3	43.1	(5.2)	44.4	39.3	(5.1)
Allowance for loan losses (including written-off of loans)	34.6	29.7	(4.9)	46.6	40.6	(5.9)
Loss carry forwards	42.0	29.5	(12.4)	55.3	42.6	(12.6)
Deferred gains/ losses on hedges	4.2	3.3	(0.8)	4.5	3.5	(1.0)
Valuation difference due to share exchange				44.0	39.6	(4.3)
Others	61.2	59.1	(2.1)	77.3	74.3	(3.0)
Valuation allowance	(31.0)	(34.2)	(3.2)	(53.5)	(56.6)	(3.0)
Deferred tax liabilities (B)	124.0	156.9	32.9	145.0	176.8	31.8
Employee retirement benefit trust	25.3	27.0	1.7	25.3	27.0	1.7
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	93.4	125.5	32.0	94.7	126.7	31.9
Valuation difference due to share exchange				17.4	16.2	(1.2)
Others	5.2	4.3	(0.8)	7.5	6.8	(0.6)
Net deferred tax assets (A) - (B)	35.5	(26.2)	(61.8)	73.8	6.7	(67.1)

(Billions of yen)	FY2008	FY2009	FY2010	FY2011	FY2012
Taxable income before deduction of loss carry forwards	(81.1)	106.2	120.4	9.5	133.0
Net business profit before credit costs	313.8	284.4	233.3	239.0	210.2

Although there are significant operating loss carryforwards on the tax base, "examples (4) proviso" of Practical Guideline is applied as the loss carryforwards are due to non-recurring factors.

Estimated future taxable income is calculated according to the future income plan by the Mid-term Management Plan.

(Reference) Estimated taxable income for further 5 years	Sum of 5 years
Projected amount of net business profit before	1,491.4
credit costs used for the estimation	1,491.4
Projected amount of net income used for the estimation	1,214.5
Estimated amount of taxable income before adjustments	1,272.9

<Supplement 3> Performance by **Business Sections**



Retail financial services / Wholesale financial services / Stock transfer agency services

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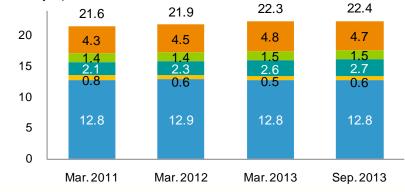
Retail financial services / Gross business profit

(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change
Business profit	43.1	49.3	6.2
Net interest income, etc.	23.0	22.6	(0.4)
Loans to individuals	20.3	22.8	2.4
Deposits	1.8	(1.2)	(3.1)
Others	0.8	1.0	0.2
Net fees and commissions	20.1	26.7	6.6
Investment trust / Insurance	21.0	27.9	6.9
Others	(0.8)	(1.2)	(0.3)
Adjustments among businesses	22.8	20.4	(2.4)
Gross business profit	66.0	69.8	3.7

Total depositary assets from individuals

- Time deposits (Fixed rate)
- Time deposits (Variable rate) + Loan trust, Money trust
- Ordinary deposits
- Others

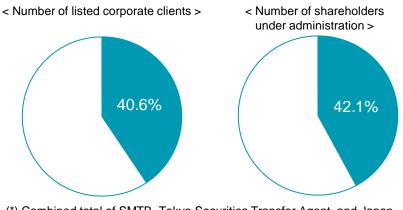
(Trillions of yen) Investment trust/Insurance



		(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change
В	us	siness profit	76.0	76.6	0.5
	N	let interest income, etc.	57.7	56.6	(1.0)
		Loans, etc.	55.6	54.8	(0.7)
		Deposits	1.0	0.8	(0.2)
		Others	1.0	0.9	(0.0)
	N	et fees and commissions	18.3	19.9	1.6
		Real estate NRL	3.3	1.9	(1.3)
		Syndicatetd loans	10.8	11.9	1.0
		Securitization	2.1	3.7	1.5
Adjustments among businesses		istments among businesses	(20.7)	(16.1)	4.6
G	Grc	oss business profit	55.2	60.4	5.1

Wholesale financial services / Gross business profit

Market share of stock transfer agency services^(*) (as of Sep. 2013)



(*) Combined total of SMTB, Tokyo Securities Transfer Agent, and Japan Securities Agents



Global markets

			01000 80
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change
Financial operations	37.4	20.7	(16.7)
Investment operations	10.1	5.5	(4.6)
Marketing functions	23.4	18.3	(5.1)
Total	71.1	44.6	(26.4)

Gross business profit

80 60

20

0

(Billions of yen)

71.1

Financial operations Investment operations Marketing functions



<Finaicial operations>Financial operations managing potential market risks(*) involved in 40 the overall balance sheet

(*) Interest rate risk associated with ordinary deposits, equity risk, etc.

<Investment operations> Proprietary investment pursuing absolute return, trading

<Marketing functions> Market-making operations for interest rate and forex products; creation and sales of financial products

	Securities portfolio of Global markets business (*1)								
	Cost			Unrealized g	gains/losses	10BPV (*2) Duration (*2) (years			(*2) (years)
(Billio	ons of yen)	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change from Mar. 2013
JPY		1,912.7	(626.1)	14.8	(9.1)	4.9	(0.9)	2.6	0.3
Others		926.1	315.6	(1.8)	(17.1)	5.6	3.4	6.2	2.1
USD		737.7	327.3	(1.5)	(13.7)	4.9	3.7	6.8	3.3
EUR,	, etc.	188.4	(11.6)	(0.3)	(3.3)	0.7	(0.3)	3.9	(1.2)

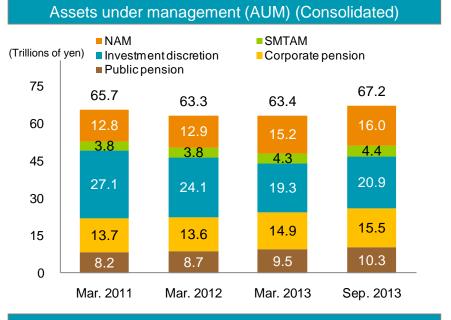
(*1) Managerial reporting basis; "Held-to-maturity debt securities" and "Available-for-sale securities" are combined.

(*2) In the calculation of 10BPV and duration, investment balance hedged by derivative transactions, etc. were excluded.

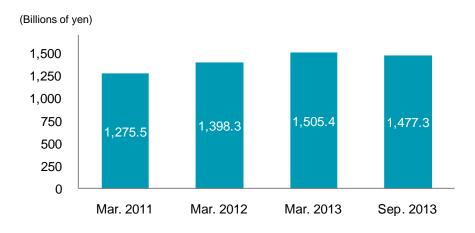
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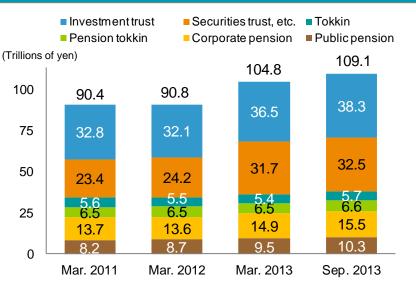
Fiduciary services business



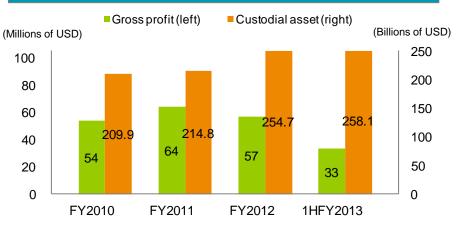
Balance of alternative investment (Corporate pension) (Non-consolidated)



Entrusted assets (Non-consolidated)



Global custody business



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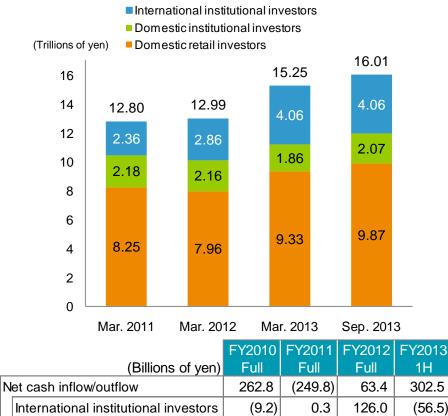
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Financial related business in group companies 1. Nikko AM (Consolidated)

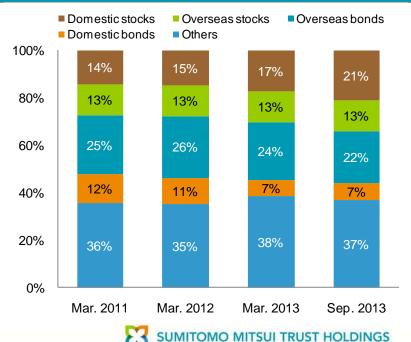
- Net income: UP ¥1.1bn YoY due primarily to the increase in the fair value of asset under management in step with the market recovery.
- By offering training courses to sales companies and providing products and support tools matching market and client needs, aiming for the expansion in volume of domestic retail AUM and the increase in presence on overseas markets through NAM Asia and Tyndall, etc.

Assets under management (AUM)



P/L							
(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change				
Net business profit	2.7	4.5	1.7				
Ordinary income	3.2	5.3	2.1				
Net income	1.7	2.9	1.1				

Breakdown of AUM by asset type



(262.9)

535.0

Domestic institutional investors

Domestic retail investors

57

110.4

248.6

(348.2)

285.6

(74.8)

(175.2)

Financial related business in group companies 2. SBI Sumishin Net Bank (Consolidated)

- ► Net business profit before credit costs: UP ¥3.1bn YoY due primarily to the increase in the balance of loans and the fee income related to residential mortgage loans.
- Plan to diversify the earning sources by strengthening the consumer loan and fee businesses in addition to expanding the agency business for SMTB residential mortgage loans.

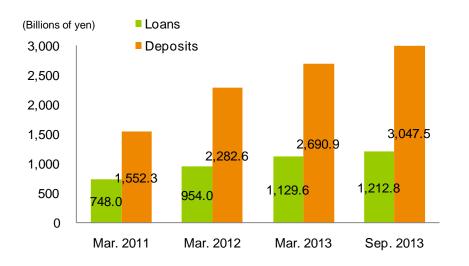
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major baoinooo ngaroo				
	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013		

Major business figures

_	(Billions of yen)	War. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change
1	Number of account (millions)	1.64	1.81	0.16
[Deposits	2,690.9	3,047.5	356.5
l	_oans	1,129.6	1,212.8	83.2

Balance of loans and deposits



P/L

(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change		
Net business profit	2.8	6.0	3.1		
Ordinary income	2.8	5.7	2.9		
Net income	1.7	3.4	1.7		

B/S

	Mar. 0040	0	
(Billions of yen)	Mar. 2013	Sep. 2013	Change
Total assets	2,848.6	3,246.5	397.8
Net assets	41.7	46.9	5.1
Shareholders' equity	52.0	55.4	3.4



Financial related business in group companies

3. Leasing, real estate-related finance, residential mortgage loans

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Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Panasonic Finance (Consolidated)

- Put a break on the decline in business profit by increasing the balance of high-profit vendor lease transactions. Net income increased by ¥0.4bn YoY due to the reversal of allowance for loan losses.
- ► By promoting further cooperation with SMTB and utilizing the Panasonic's client base, pursuing the expansion of sales assets, focusing on the area such as the environment, etc.

	P/L			
	(Billions of yen)	1HFY2012	1HFY2013	Change
	let business profit	5.8	5.2	(0.5)
	Leasing profit	128.6	119.5	(9.1)
	Leasing expense	(112.9)	(105.1)	7.7
	G&A expense	(9.8)	(9.0)	0.7
C	Drdinary profit	7.6	8.3	0.6
Ν	let income	4.7	5.2	0.4
Т	otal credit costs	1.5	2.8	1.2

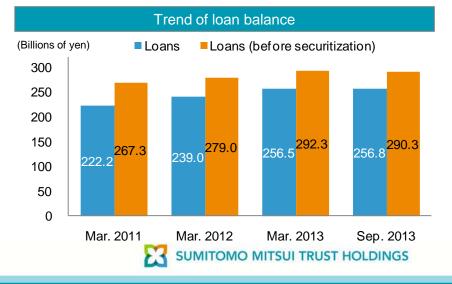
Trend of operating assets

(Billions of yen) Financing Card, credit Leasing/installment 1,092.4 1,200 123.4 1.000 856.4 856.6 826.4 89.1 121.2 67.3 800 103.7 73.8 113.0 66.1 600 879.8 400 678.9 668.0 647.2 200 0 Mar. 2011 Mar. 2012 Mar. 2013 Sep. 2013 Copyright © 2013 SUMITOMO MITSUI TRUST HOLDINGS, INC. All rights reserved.

Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Loan & Finance

- Ordinary profit increased by ¥0.7bn YoY due to the increase in interests on loans resulting from the growth in the balance of loans, and the increase in the reversal of total credit costs.
- Accumulating loan balance in mortgages, etc. by enhancing the cooperation with SMTB and Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Realty, etc.

P/L 1HFY2012 1HFY2013 Change (Billions of yen) Net business profit 2.4 2.7 0.3 Loan profit 5.8 6.1 0.2 G&A expense (3.4)(3.3)0.0 2.5 3.3 0.7 Ordinary profit 2.1 1.6 (0.5)Net income 0.0 Total credit costs 0.4 0.4



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